A briefe Conference betwixt mans Frailtie and Faith,

VVherein is declared the true vse, and comfort of those blessings pronounced by Christ in the fifth *of Matthew, that euery Christian* man and woman ought to make and take hold of in their seuerall tentations and conflicts:

Laide downe in this plaine order of Dialogue, to helpe, if it please God, the conceit and feeling of the simplest.

By Gernase Babington.

PSALME 119.

O how sweete are thy words vnto my throte, yea sweeter than honie vnto my mouth.

AT LONDON
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The Contentes of this Booke.

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Strength and comfort out of the worde of God against

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To the Right Honorable, and vertuous Ladie, the Ladie Marie, Countesse of Penbrooke, his verie singular *good Ladie and Mistresse*, G.B. wisheth all mercy and comfort in Christ Iesus *both here now, and for euer.*

IT Is sayde of Salomon euen in outwarde matters (Right Honorable, and my verie singular good Lady) that if a man haue riches treasure, and honour, wanting nothing for his soule of all that it desireth, and yet haue not an heart both to feele in comfort the goodnesse of his God therein towardes him, and also to vse the sayde blessinges liberally to his owne good and others helpe, it is but a vanitie and an euill sickenes, yea a price in the hand of a foole (as it is saide in an other place)

that hath no heart. That is, it is a mercie of God, which hee hath no right and true vse of. So necessarie in verie outward things is both feeling and faith: the one to conceiue, the other to applie, and both of them to yeeld vs the true profit, comfort, and good intended into vs in the same by the Lord. Much more, Madame, in spirituall matters respecting the life of bodie and soule for euer. And by name much more in the worde of God which we now so freely, and so plentifully, vnder the gratious gouernement of our most gracious Prince enioye. For if wee reade it ouer ten thousand times our selues, heare it of others carefully & continually, and yet feele not the sweete spirite of the Lorde by it secret power, as it were with a dropping dewe, piercing and mollifying, shaking and comforting our soules

by

by the same, assuredly we want what we seeme to haue, and for all our reading or hearing of it, neuertheless it remaineth a sealed booke vnto vs. This proueth Caine that cursed caytife both heere and euer, who though he knew the promise of certaine safetie by the seede of the woman, hearing it no doubt often in wordes tould, and seeing it by sacrifices shadowed out vnto him, yet wanting a heart to feele, and faith to applie vnto himselfe the benefite of the same, wanted also to his woe, what he so inioyed. So did Esau, Saul, Achitophell, and others all whatsoeuer they were, who together with the worde receiued not a touch, a tast, & a very rent as it were, in their heartes to feele, as also piercing eyes, & a clasping faith, to see, and take hould of the hidden sweete compriſed in the same. Which weying

ing often with my selfe (my verie good Ladie) together with the place where I spend my time, and the burning desire which both his honorable Lo. and your selfe haue, that I should doe good amongest them, I bowe the knee both of bodie and heart vnto the Lorde for them, and I often begge, that in that bottomelesse heape of his mercie, wherein he euen swalloweth vp himselfe, it might please him to see it good, to ioine vnto the outward ministerie of his worde, which he nowe voutsafeth them, that inward touch, power and might of his spirite, that maketh it both a mortifying worde, and a comforting grace vnto his children. For so shall my labours be life vnto them, and euer as I speake (deliuering but the word) their consciences shall approoue and confesse within them, that it is a truth. Yea further

I haue often ſecretly in my ſelfe intended, to ioyne vnto prayer ſome further indeuour, and according to that meaſure of mercie, which the Lorde ſhould vouchſafe me, to make ſome plaine applications of ſuch portions of ſcripture, as I ſhoulde iudge in vſe & practiſe fitteſt for thē. That ſeeing in them by example the true vſe of the worde of God, and howe to ſucke out ſtrength in their ſeuerall needes from it, they might from one place to manie, and from many euen to all, without any further guide, than the guide of guides, Gods mercifull ſpirit, paſſe with feeling, comfort, and true concept of the good therin contained, & intended to vs all. And falling by courſe of reading at laſt vpon that notable Chapter the 5. of Mathewe, and feeling by ſome further meditation vpon thoſe bleſſings therin contained,

such wisedome taught, such faultes reproued, such comfort ministred, and such matter handled, as for the and all the world is most necessarie, I resolued with my selfe euen there to beginne to put in practise my named purpose, and to make a tryall, if by such indeuour I might profit any. Which I nowe haue done, presenting the same vnto the Lord with humble prayer for his blessing, to mine owne, and others, with hartie request of Christian acceptance, & to your honorable L. as to a meanes that shall make it more acceptable to all, and especially to them, that I chiefely intende it vnto, so greatly honoring with all dutie and liking the manifoulde mercies of God in you. I am not able (Madame) to doe with content, what ten thousande times I am bounde to doe with all care: namely, to shew my selfe mind-

full and thankefull, as I ought, for all your La. honourable dealings with me. But this I proteſt in the eies of the Lorde, that I would, if I could, and in witneſſe thereof I deliuer vnto the worlde this affirmation, and to your ſelfe theſe fewe papers, moſt humblie beſeeching your Honour, that ſince my want is in abilitie, and not in will, this ſmall teſtimonie of the ſame may according to your accuſtomed clemencie be accepted of, and finde a ſupplie therein of any want wherewith it may be charged. So ceaſe I to adde any further thing, leauing your La. to the Lord of heauen to ſtrengthen you ſtill in that happie courſe of the ſtudie of his worde, and all other good learning, of the practiſe of duty to your God, of cheereful incouragement to your ſeruants, and of honorable clemencie to all men, which is at this daie a

crowne vpon your head aboue ma-nie others, and a glorious ornament about your necke in the eies, eares, and tongues of all men, that either see you, heare of you, or speake of you, and my selfe remaine to per-fourme all dueties, that euer I shall be inabled vnto, euen with all the power both of bodie and minde, as I am most bounde. The Lorde open the windowes of heauen and powre his mercies out vpon your La. the Lorde confirme you in all good workes, giue you a true sight of this vaine world, make your heart shake at his iudgementes, melt with a fruitefull feeling of grace assured to holie life, and the Lord to profit: make you thinke you euer heare that voice, ARISE YOV DEADE AND COME VNTO IVDGE-MENT, and yet in faith to saie with cheerefull heart, COME LORDE

IESVS COME QVICKLIE. So be it. London this first of December, 1583.

Your Honors

most humble bounden

to death,

Gernase Babington.

Dedicatio.

Iasvs Comes Cvickiis. So
beit. Londen this furt of De-
cembet, 1585.

Your Hono-

rest humble bounden

to dewti.

Gerard Dubigny.

A Conference betwixt mans Frailtie and Faith.

Frailtie.

O Wicked worlde, and wretched ſtate I ſtand in, O heauy hart & ſorowing ſoule, how ſhould I comfort you? I haue it not, I ſee it not, I feele it not, what any way might ioie mee, and howe then can I giue it you? The contrary I ſee in fulleſt weight and meaſure, and wo is me ten thouſand times that euer I ſawe this light: yea let the day euen periſh wherin I was borne, Iob. 3. and the night when it was ſaide there is a manchilde conceiued. Let that daie be darkneſſe, let not God regard it from aboue, neither let the light ſhine vppon it. But let darkeneſſe and the ſhadow of death ſtaine it, let the cloud remaine vpon it, and let them make it fearefull as a bitter day, let darkeneſſe poſſeſſe that night, let it not be ioined vnto the dayes of the yeare, nor let it come into the accounts of the moneths. Yea deſolate be that

that night, and let no ioy be in it. Let the ſtars of that twilight be dimme through darkeneſſe of it: let it looke for light, but haue none: neither let it ſee ỹ dawping of the daie, becauſe it ſhut not vp the doores of my mothers wombe, nor hid ſorrowe from my eies. Why died I not in the birth, or why died I not, when I came out of the wombe? Why did the knees preuent me, and why did I ſucke the breſts? For ſo ſhoulde I nowe haue lien and beene quiet, I ſhould haue ſlept then, and beene at reſt. Or why againe was I not hid, as an vntimely birth, either as infants, which haue not ſeene the light? Woe is me I liue, woe is mee I doe not die, and wo I feare much more, when ended is my courſe.

Faith.

Why Frailtie, what in the name of God meaneth this fearful impatiencie, or what eaſe can there be in the life of man and woman, ſo vncomfortable, as that in regard thereof, they ſhould thus crie out? Open your ſelfe, and conceale not

not your griefe, for the verie speaking of it shall giue some measure of ease.

Frailtie.

Alas I knowe not almost howe to doe it. For my conceites doe so oppresse me, and euer as I thinke of one miserie, still the remembraunce of an other thrusteth it selfe so into my minde, and at last the heape appeares so huge, as all amazed I faint vnder the beholding of them, and my cogitations are so distracted, as it is not possible for me to make an orderly rehearsall of my woe. Yet since I haue met with you, I wil performe it, as I can, committing my selfe to that mercie, that hath no measure, and to your selfe, as an instrument to applie his comfortes to me, begging it euen with teares tenne thousand times at your handes. I consider then, that I am created heere in this worlde a reasonable creature consisting of bodie and soule, both subiect to dreadfull and endlesse woe, if I finde not mercie with the Lorde, which I confesse vnto you I comfortablie cannot assure

assure my self of as yet, bicause the hand of God me thinke more heauily presseth me diuers waies, than I imagin it would do if he loued me.

Faith.

And wherein I praie you, doe you thinke you are pressed ouer heauily?

Pouertie the first temptation.

Frailtie.

ALas in manie things (and yet God laie not my pleading with him to my charge.) To begin with some thing, I must needes confesse vnto you, that my lowe estate in the world is a marueilous temptation to me manie a time. For God knowes, I am poore, and euen verie poore, notwithstanding all my paines, carke and care, which is not a little. My charge also is great for such an one as I am, and their want, as good reason bindeth, is my continuall woe. Yet if this were all, me thinke I could wraſtle with it, and by Gods helpe get the victorie, but

but theſe companions of pouertie are they that ſting me ſo ſore, to wit, diſdaine and contempt both of me and mine, of my doinges, ſayinges, or any thing that proceedeth from me, and that reiection which is made of me out of all meetings and companies, thoſe whiſperinges that I heare, reproches that I carrie, euen at their handes that I little thought would haue done it, and that ſcornefull pitying of me, which often appeareth, with ſuch like. For in deede if euer anie found it, I finde it true, that by wiſe *Syrac* was ſaide ſo long agoe. *There is euen as much peace betwixt the riche and the poore, as betwixt* Hyena *and the dogge. But looke howe the wilde Aſſe is the Lions pray, ſo are the poore meate for the riche. And looke howe the proude hate humilitie, ſo doe the rich abhorre the poore. If a rich man fall, his friendes ſet him vp againe: but when the poore falleth, his friendes driue him away. If a rich man offende, he hath many helpers, hee ſpeaketh proude wordes, and yet men iuſtifie him: but if a poore man faile, they rebuke him, and* Syrach.13.16

though he speake wisely, yet can hee haue no place. When the riche man speaketh, euerie man holdeth his tongue, and looke what he sayeth, they praise it to the clouds: but if the poore man speake, they say, What felowe is this? And if he doe amisse, they will destroy him. These, these companions of my pouertie are the thinges that euen cut my heart a sunder, and wil I, nill I, it breaketh euen vpon mee by force as it were, to thinke that if the lord loue a man, hee should neuer suffer him for want of worldly trash, so despitefully to be intreated in this worlde, and so generally. This is but one thing that troubleth me, besides which I haue manie moe, but helpe me if you can ere I go anie further.

Faith.

Nay goe on, vtter your greefe fullie, and then your minde wilbe the fitter to heare a great deale. For otherwise you will be musing of the rest, when I shall be speaking to you for your ease in this.

Frailtie,

Frailtie

An other verie daungerous torment then I muſt needes confeſſe is that continuall vncomfortableneſſe, which is ſtill in me by reaſon of diuerſe thinges, as by a weightie and ſtinging ſenſe of mine owne ſinnes, by ſight of other mens looſe courſe, and grieuous diſhonouring of God in euerie place, giuing thēſelues to flatterie, diſſembling, and all manner of holowe dealing with God and man, by meditation of the fierce wrath of God, and moſt dreadfull iudgementes, which aſſuredly hang ouer vs for theſe thinges, &c.

Againe both publikelie abroad, in ſuch as I deale with all, and priuately at home in ſuch as I truſt, I finde ſuch naughtie vnfaithfulnes, & ſuch vnfaithfull naughtineſſe, as that I am driuen into greater choler and heate, than can anie way ſtand with my profeſſion of the Goſpell, and with the liking of my heauenly father, whome I haue euer founde good vnto me: and therefore iuſtly I ſtande in feare that he will puniſh me for ſuch in-

temperancie, and yet I cannot amende it. Nowe I pray you let me goe no further without some comfort, if you know any for so wretched and wofull a case.

Faith.

Indéde Frailtie, your tearmes are to sharpe, and sower. For me thinke, for any thing you haue yet vttered, your estate is neither wretched, nor woful in trueth, but Christianlike if you wil lay a while away your earthly eyes, and be iudged by the word of God.

Frailtie.

Ah fie fie, is your feeling of my case no more? then haue I vttered inough, & too much. But see my heauie plight, I am euerie way wrapped in woe, and yet I am not pitied.

Faith.

Nay but staie your selfe for shame Frailtie, and be not so rash. And if I can not proue what I say, then be offended: but if I can, then as you feare God be refor-

reformed, for this impaciencie in you is daungerous. I say therefore againe, me thinke your tentations be not strange, but such as vsuallie happen to Gods deere ones, and such, as (for anie thing I see) Jesus Christ the Sauiour of man did foretell, and deliuer sure and soueraygne comfortes for, while hee was here on earth in diuers places, and by name in that notable Chapter of Mathewe the fifth. But before I can aplie the same vnto you, I must knowe of you one thing, concerning your first griefe, namely how you feele your heart within humbled by these thinges. For indéede if you be poore and bare, and so forced to stoupe in outward matters to the richer, and yet your heart remaine proude within you, arrogant, hawtie and conceited, your tongue bragging the best, and your vanitie euer as it can breaking out, & giuing testimonie what you would doe, if your handes were not tyed, and your hornes made shorte of purpose by the Lorde, then indéede I must plainely tell you, that your pouer-

tie is a whippe of an angrie God as yet with you, and it will not certainely be remoued from you in anie fauour: but euen still God shall checke you, and euerie neighbour either openlie, or secretly mislike you. For a beggers hand, and a proude heart hath euer offended the eye both of God and man. But if God hath giuen you this blessed grace, that by this crosse of want, disdaine, contempt, scorne and such like in your calling, your soule is schooled, your heart is humbled, your spirite broken, & all your vnrulie and headie affections tamed within you verie greatly in comparison of former times, so that euen truelie your conscience doth witnesse to you, it is not with you, as it hath béene in manie respectes, and if now you find, that often you are driuen to God and his prouidence by this meanes casting vp your eyes to heauen for helpe, staie and succour, because you finde but frosen heartes in men, and fallehoode in the best fellowship lesse or more, truelie then must I as plainely tel you againe,

and

and with as bolde a ſpirite, as ſuch a truth requires, your pouertie is welth, your contempt may be your comfort, & if euer man or woman had God their friende, you may aſſure your ſoule in truth he is no foe vnto you.

Frailtie.

O Faith, ſay not this, but prooue it.

Comfort againſt pouertie.

Faith.

With a verie good will. I pray you therefore marke me. When Chriſt, as I ſaide before, was here vpon earth to gather vnto himſelfe the ſoules of men by life and death, knowing in his infinite wiſedome the raine that would fal, the floudes that woulde come, and the windes that woulde blowe and beate vpon the houſes of mē, that is their faith and religion, on a time his diſciples being come together, and much people beſide out of manie places, hee ſate him downe and tooke as it ſeemeth to me this

matter in hande, of verie purpose, deliuering out such comforts and helpes, such defences and staies, as béeing of men and women rightlie applied, and vsed, shall euer holde vp their course, and kéepe their pathes straight in the feare of the Lorde and true religion. And sée, amongst the manifold temptations, that hetherto we in wisedome would arise and be vrged by Sathan to shake men from ẏ truety, this of yours which nowe we speake of is the first, namely pouertie. Against which, his heauenly voyce deliuereth out this comfort, Blessed are the poore, for theirs is the kingdome of God. Which golden sentence laide out in fuller tearmes, carieth and implieth vnto vs this sense and meaning. Although earthlie mindes can frame out no felicitie, vnlesse with worldly wealth their cuppe may ouerflowe, yet I auouch vnto you, contrarie to the wit and wisedome of them all, that in my fathers kingdome, blessed are the powre, the powre I say againe, and such as want what others wallowe in, not

Luke 6, 20.

not halfe so loued of the Lorde as they. Now least his meaning should be mistaken, he saying no more but so, and euerie spoiling vnthrift, whose vnreformed heart doeth make an vnrepaired purse, or idle drones that shunne the course of men, and shut themselues vp in cloisters as poore, that with more ease they may liue of other mens labours, or anie proud heart yet wanting wealth might thinke it spoken vnto him, hee more plainely hath interpreted his meaning, and shewed what poore hee thinketh of, namely the poore in spirite: That is, such as vsing godly means yet are of purpose by their God kepte vnder, and being vnder, doe not swel with pride, arrogancie, and conceit, but euen as the beggar knowing his want, and no way hauing of his own to trust to, confesseth other mens helpe needefull for him, humbleth himself before them, beggeth their aide, and giueth them (as instruments) the praise of his liuing: so they humbled, tamed, schooled and reformed by their want towardes all

Non magnum est sua, sed se relinquere.

men carie a lowlie heart, and onely at the Lordes handes looke for both comfort in this world, and saluation in the worlde to come. These poore men and women, that is, these that are thus affected vnder their Crosse saith Christ, were their want more than euer any abode, & the companions of their wantes snubbes, checkes, taunts, and such like moe, and more bitter than euer anie mans were, yet euen in the most of them all, I pronounce them blessed, and I assure them happie that euer they liued, for theirs is the kingdome of God. For this cause therefore I asked you howe you were affected vnder your pouertie. And nowe Frailtie consider and weigh this sentence of the Lord. For ynough it is of it selfe, if our incredulitie be not monstrous, to comfort the hart of any man or woman in the world, euen in the midst of al their worldly wantes be they neuer so great. Yet hath it annexed for our further ioie the consent of other places manie, and experiences of the same in knowne examples not a

few.

fewe. As, If thou lend to my people, that is, to the poore, I wil bleſſe the, ſaieth the Lorde. The Lorde deliuereth the poore in al his afflictions. The Lord wil be a defence vnto the poore, euen a refuge in due time of trouble. He remembreth and forgetteth not the complaint of the poore when he maketh inquiſitiō for bloud. The poore ſhall not alwaies be forgotten, neither the hope of the afflicted periſh for euer. Lorde thou haſt heard the deſire of the poore, thou prepareſt their heart, and thine eare hearkeneth thereunto. He hath not deſpiſed the lowe eſtate of ỹ poore, but they ſhal eate and be ſatiſfied. I am poore and in miſerie, but the Lorde careth for mee. Better is the poore that walketh in his vprightneſſe, than he that peruerteth his waies though hee be rich. That which is to be deſired in a man, is his goodnes, and better is ſuch a poore man than a lier. God regardeth the poore, and is their ſtrength. And vnto whom againe ſaieth the Lorde ſhall I loke and haue regarde, but vnto him that is poore and

Exo. 22.25. Deu 15.10. Iob 26 15. Pſal. 9.9. verſe 13. verſe 18. Pſal. 10. 17. Pſal. 21 24. Pſal. 107.22. Prouerb, 28.6. 22. Eſay 25.4. 66. 2.

of

of a contrite ſpirite, and trembleth at
Luke 4.18. my wordes. The ſpirite of the Lorde is
vppon mee, and hath annointed mee to
Matth.11. preach the goſpell to the poore. And the
poore do receiue the glad tidings of the
Luke 4. Goſpell. Call the halt and lame & poore
Iames 2.5. to the Supper. And hath not God cho-
ſen the poore of this world ſaith Iames,
&c. with a number ſuch like teſtimo-
nies. The comfort whereof if they be
rightly conſidered, and the bleſſing of
them vnto our heart by humble prayer
begged at the Lordes hands, no tongue
of man is able to expreſſe. For the
Lord our God is not a man, that hée
ſhould repent, nor as the ſon of man,
that he ſhould change: but if hée loued
the poore when theſe things were ſpo-
ken, he loueth them ſtill, and to the end
he will loue them: and if he regarded
them, he forgetteth not vs, and euen a-
mongſt our ſelues. if he ſée you, he be-
holdeth alſo me, and if he comfort mée,
hée will doe no leſſe for you, for there is
no reſpect of perſons in his eies. Yet
adde vnto theſe the experience of exam-

ples,

ples, and they wil be moze ſweéte. Naomi and her daughter Ruth, how did the Lozde regarde, bleſſe, comfozt, and pzouide foz? The pwze widow of Sareptha, whoſe meale and oile were at an ende, and yet the dearth fozetolde much to come, howe regarded he and fedde during all ỹ time? The other pwze widow alſo helped by Eliſha to pay her debts, and to liue afterward with comfozt of the reſt, how ſheweth it the care of the Lozd ouer the pwze that are godlie, and howe mightily ſhoulde it encreaſe our faith? What an example is old Tobiah and his familie, and what a ſpeech of faith was that to his ſonne? Feare not my Sonne, becauſe we are made poore: for thou haſt manie things, if thou feare GOD and flie from ſinne, and do that thing which is acceptable vnto hym. Howe loued the Lozd the offering of the pwze widowe that caſt in but two mites? How chooſe he Diſciples, and followers of his trueth euer of the pwzer ſozt? Howe chooſe he his parents of the very meaneſt certainly of a multitude,

Ruth.

1. Kings 17.

2. Kings 4.

Tobias 4, 21.

and

and howe himselfe hath he honored the estate of godlie pouerty, for our eternal comfort, hauing not so much in this world as the Foxes and Birdes: borne in a stable, wrapped in ragges, laide in the manger, and yet the God and Lord of heauen and earth, and the disposer of all the glorie in them both. O my heart and hand, howe is the one so narrowe to conceiue this heauenly sweet, and the other vnable to laie downe but euen that little that I doe fele? Shall anie worldlie want make vs thinke God loueth vs lesse, when we see the most loued that euer was in the greatest want? shall anie discountenaunce, disfauour, discredite causeles, shall any snubbes, checkes, taunts, scorne, contempt, rumours, or the very power of ỹ spite of hel driue vs out of hope in our gratious father, when we see examples in his deareſt of them all? O Frailtie, Frailtie, open thine eies, loke vpon thy God, weigh his nature, marke his dealings with his deareſt, heare his promises, make him no liar, but gather

strength,

ſtrength, increaſe in hope, and the Lord in mercie graunt it to vs euer: Lette the changes and chances of this worlde be what they will, or rather what it pleaſeth God, let our orderly walking in our places with true paines, heart, and meaning, with due carefulneſſe, with no vnthriftineſſe, vp early, downe late, and whatſoeuer meanes that god are to liue and laie vp by, for our ſelues and ours, yet want their end of ſuch reaſonable ſtore as we deſire, let vs neuertheleſſe truſt in our God, and hang vpon his hand, and neuer meaſure his fauour towardes vs by theſe things, for they are no iudges of it being as we ſée oft graunted to the wicked, and reſtrained greatly from the moſt beloued. Onelie let our pouertie make poore our ſpirites, and breake the ſecrete pride of our hearts, and then feare not, we haue a warrant of truth, Bleſſed are the poore in ſpirite, for theirs is the kingdome of heauen, And a broken and contrite hart, O God thou ſhalt neuer deſpiſe.

The

The contrarie now might as greatly be amplified to our comforte, if I thought it néedefull. For as his mercifull promises are manie and swéete (as we haue heard) to the poore, so are his fearefull threatnings to the rich not a fewe: and as great is the good that is wrought in the childe of God by this crosse of want, so fearefull are the faults that are giuen vnto the soules of many by their store of wealth. Let it suffice to marke what this same our Sauiour saith, by the mouth of Luke and opposeth ouer against the promise spoken of nowe alreadie: Woe be to you that are rich, for you haue receiued your consolation, saith he, and after him his apostle Iames again: Go to now ye rich men, weepe and houle for your miseries which shall come vpon you: your riches are corrupt, and your garments mothea-ten: your golde and siluer is cankred, & the rust of them shall be a witnesse against you, and shal eate your flesh as if it were fire, &c. And Paul againe, Gaine is not godlinesse, but godlinesse is great

1. Tim. 4. 6.

gaine,

gaine, if a man be content with that he hath: for we brought nothing into the world, and it is certaine that we can carie nothing out. Therefore when wee haue foode and rayment, let vs be therewith content: for they that will be rich fall into temptation and snares, and into many foolish and noysome lustes, which drowne men in perdition and destruction. For the desire of money is the roote of all euill, which while some lusted after they pierced themselues through with many sorowes. But thou O man of God flie these thinges and followe after righteousnesse, godlinesse, faith, loue, pacience and meekenesse, fight the good fight of faith, laie holde of eternall life, &c. By all which we doe as euidently see againe that Honour, Fame, Port, Pompe, wealth and abundance in this worlde are no sure witnesses of Gods fauour, and therefore the want of them no sure argument of the contrarie, but the ende and verie trueth is this, if we feare God and bee poore, pouertie is great gaine. And if further the Lord goe

with vs and make riches also increase, yet may we neuer set our hartes vpon them, for there is no sure comfort in them. And thus me thinke Frailtie, for this first griefe there should growe comfort, and you should nowe be contented. For certainely, certainely, as God is God, or trueth truth, pouertie is no token of Gods displeasure to all, but a singular meanes of much goodnesse vnto many: and thus much onelie of it at this time. The Lord giue vs profite by his promises.

Comfort against vncheereful-

nesse and sorowe, the second temptation.

YOur seconde temptation you say is this, the heauie weight you feele of your sins, and the continuall sorow and griefe, that is annexed and ioyned thereunto. For comfort and stay whereof I seeke no further, than to the place of Matthew named before. For euen there also in the verie next verse is this assault set backe, and breach made vp, being

ing in wisedome forseene of Christ, as a thing that greatly should goe about to shake his childrens faith. What therefore you thinke your miserie, he maketh your happinesse: and what you thinke your woe, he maketh your comfort sure and certaine. Blessed (saith he) are they that mourne, for they shall be comforted. Which mourning can no wayes be meant but of such as nowe yours is, if it arise (as you affirme) by sight of sin committed against your God, whome yet you loue and hope in, though it be with much weakenes. For worldly sorowe (saith the Apostle) causeth death, but godly sorowe causeth repentaunce vnto saluation not to bee repented of. Worldly sorowe ariseth vpon outward griefes, or sight of outward punishment commonly, and godly sorow vpon sight of sin cõmitted against a merciful God, and a good God, ten thousand times deseruing better seruice of vs; and who yet will be mercifull, if we repent and amende. Therefore the end of the one is nothing but desperation and woe, if the

Lorde do not spéedily helpe, and the end of the other as you heare euen Christ himselfe say, is happinesse and comfort: which that you may yet more firmely féele, & to greater ioy with both handes apprehend, let it not be tedious in a few examples to beholde the truth of both.

Did not Caine sorowe and sadly cast downe his countenance when he perceiued a regarde giuen to his brother & not to himself? pinched it not his hart within, when God gaue sentence of him? We sée it euidently, and yet neuertheless we knowe withall that the Lorde abhorred him.

Gen. 4. 5. verse. 11. 12.

Did not Esawe mourne, when hée wept for woe, and dubling ouer his speach to his father so expressed the passion of a pained heart within him? yet founde he no place to repentance sayeth the Apostle, though he sought it with teares, but was reiected as a prophane person notwithstanding all his sorowe.

1. Sam. last.

What griefe griped the heart of Saul think you, whē he saw his army spoiled, his thrée sonnes slaine, himself sore gau-

led

led and wounded with the archers shot, when he desired his armour bearer to thrust him through with his sworde, and for want of his assent was glad to doe it himselfe, and so become his owne destroyer: Was this no sorow & griefe? Yet not blessed, but accursed such mourning and such mourner.

What horrible hell of dispairefull griefe battered the heart of Achitophel that famous Counseller, when he sawe the distresse he stoode in, and for ease and ende of that heauie happe, was glad to conclude his owne shamefull confusion, to put his owne heade himselfe in the halter, and to hang himselfe? fell euer this out thinke we, before euen seas of sorowes had wrecked and worne within him all kinde of comfort away? No certainely, but such rufull endes haue euer heapes of rufull conflictes and conceits before them, and therefore wee see some sorrowe farre separated from this promise of Christ in this place. 2.Sam. 17.23

To conclude, what woe or wonder thinke we, did gnawe the heart of Iu- Acts. 1.

das, when the guilt of cruell dæde did preſſe his ſoule ſo ſad, that neither reſwarde receiued, nor anie kinde of conceipt either of God or man could ſtaie his hands from finiſhing his owne life: Yet a curſed woe, we knowe, and as far from the gaine of this promiſe héere, as ſinne is ſeuered from a vertue.

Nowe of the other part wey the ſorrowe that you are in, if you tel me true, and marke the iſſew of it. Bleſſed firſt ſaith the Lorde Jeſus is it, and bleſſed are they that conceiue and fæle it, for they ſhall be comforted. And then in his worde he aforedeth examples to ſhewe the truth by tryall of this promiſe. Dauid mourned for the multitude of his iniquities, and remained mourning as he ſayeth all the day long. Euerie night he waſhed his bedde with weeping, and watered his couch with teares. The ſinnes of his youth ſtinged him, and the ſins of his age græued him: his knowen offences made him full woe, and yet his ſecret ſinnes remained terrible. Nowe the ende of all was comfort according

Pſal. 6.6.

to

to this promise, and blessed Dauid that euer hee felt with griefe so much his grieuous transgressions: The like did Manasses, and was comforted: the like did the Publican, and was comforted: the like did the Prodigall sonne, Marie, Rahab, Lot, Noah, and all the rest of saued sinners since the worlde stode, and were comforted. Nowe the promise is made and offered as heartilie and freely to you, to mee, and to all that euer will take holde of it, as euer it was to them. For Whatsoeuer thinges are written afore time, are written for our learning, that we through patience and comfort of the Scriptures might haue hope. And therefore Frailtie awake, and wipe thy dazeled eyes, behould the ende of sense of sinne and sorowe ioyned thereunto: it is happinesse, it is blessednesse, and it is certaine, sure, and lasting comfort, if God be true. The like may be saide of that sorowe also that ariseth not vppon our owne, but other mens miseries, as for the want of the worde, for want of fruite when it is had,

Rom. 15.4.

Luke 19.
Rom. 9.
Psalm. 74.9.
Mich. 7.2.

Micheas. 7. 2. had, for hereſies, diuiſions, and ſchiſmes in the Church, and ſuch like: for this is a godly ſorowe, and ſhall be comforted. A doctrine ſo ſweete as no pen can laie downe. Sweete I ſay to al, and yet euen moſt ſweete to the miniſters, to whom it was chiefly ſpoken: for he lift vp his eyes vppon his diſciples ſaieth the text when he ſpake theſe thinges, as knowing what ſtore of ſtormes ſhoulde ariſe vnto them by reaſon of their calling. And therefore let them take it in the name of God, as it is offered to them, and claſpe it in their armes ſo harde to their heart as all the woes in the world may not loſe their houlde from it. For the trueth hath ſaide it, and experience trieth it, they ſhall loue and not be loued, they ſhall labour and not be liked, they ſhall ſerue at the altar & but purely liue of the altar. Their pietie ſhall be hypocriſie, their zeale, choler: their heat, youth: their praiers ſhall not profite, their watchings waſt, & their faſtings doe no good, but ſinne ſhall ſtill reigne, iniquitie abounde, the greater part re-

Luke. 6.

maine

maine vnreformed, and they for al their loue, labour, and true faithfulnesse be reiected, and contemned in the ende. Whereupon what woe doth growe to the soul that sauored anie truth of meaning, loue to God or goodwill to men, let them iudge that haue felt, or whose wisedomes can weigh what the Lorde hath not giuen them triall of in themselues. Surely such it is, as is able to make the meekest Moses pleade with ỹ Lord and aske why he so vereth his seruant with an vnthankefull charge, and commandeth to carie in his bosome, as a nurse the suckling child so peruerse a people, as though he had conceiued thẽ or begotten them all himselfe. Such as is able to make Ieremie cry in the twitching torment of his minde, Wo is mee my mother that euer thou bare mee a contentious man, & a man that striueth with the whole earth. I haue neither lent vpon vsurie, nor men haue lent me vpon vsury, and yet euery one doth curse me. O Lord thou hast deceiued mee, and I am deceiued, thou arte stronger than I,

Numb. 11.12. Numb. 11.12

Ierem. 15. 10.

Ierem. 15

Ierem. 20.7.

and haſt preuailed, I am in deriſion daily, euerie one mocketh mee. For ſince I ſpake and cried out of wrong, the word of the Lord was made a reproch vnto me: and therefore I will make mention no more of thee, nor ſpeake anie more in thy name. But here is a comforte to ſtay all impacience, and to continue their courſe in ſeruing of the Lorde in their callings ſtil. Bleſſed are they that mourne, for the want of the feare of God in men, for their ſorrow ſhall haue ioie, and they ſhall be comforted at the laſt. And in the meane time Elie his ſpéech is méete for euerie one: It is the Lorde, let him doe what ſeemeth good vnto him. And, Beholde here am I, be it vnto me as my God will. Thus may the miniſters apply this promiſe. And for you, Frailtie, or anie one in your caſe, I pray you alſo cõſider how it fitteth you. For what can you ſaie nowe, groning vnder this griefe of yours, traueling & heauie loaden with your ſins, what can you ſay, I ſaie, if you ſaie your worſt, but euen crie out vpon the fulneſſe and foule-

1. Sam. 3.

Luke 1. 38.

foulsnesse of your iniquitie, vppon the ripenesse and rottennesse of your sinne, saying your life is losse vnto you, and there is no ioy vnder the sunne, that you can conceiue of anie thing by reasō of your sinne: For you haue bene an Idolater, a blasphemous swearer, a Sabaoth breaker, a disobedient child to parentes and subiect to Prince, a murtherer malicious and spitefull, an adulterer wanton and light, a thiefe deceitful and vniust, a false witnesse, an euill thinker, and what not? And therefore though for manie sinnes you could hope of mercie, yet for so many you cannot, but a heape togither beateth you down, when many single ones could not do it. This is the worst you can saie, and this is ill ynough if God giue not faith: Yet see howe all this is nothing, where this promise is marked. For euē this sorrowe, this mourning, this discomfort and griefe that you haue conceiued by ruing of your life, is a sure token, that you are the Lordes, and that he hath mercie for you, if you will

not

not ſtand in deſiance of him, but be of good hope he ſéeth you. And my proofe is no worſe than the Lords owne words, Bleſſed are they that mourne, (for their ſins and tranſgreſſions, for their wants and weakneſſe, and for their loſe courſe in the waies of ſo good a God) for they ſhall be comforted. Shall he ſay bleſſed, and you ſay curſed: ſhal he promiſe comfort, and you ſay you are caſt away: God forbid. Remember what the ſpirit ſaith in the 1. Iohn 5. 10. Hee that beleeueth not God, hath made him a lier. And therefore conclude with your ſelfe and be chéered with it, were there no more promiſes (which yet are many beſides) of mercie vnto ſinners, yet were this ſufficient to ſtay the weakeneſſe of anie, if the Lorde be in them to giue them faith in it, that the God of trueth hath pronounced happineſſe to this woe, and intailed ſurely a certaine comforte in time to deſcende vnto this ſorrowe. Manie moe I ſaie are the promiſes of God, and manie moe are the places of comfort in this your caſe, but my lea-

ſure

ſare ſerueth not now to make a treatiſe of a conference: and when ynough is ſaide, why ſhoulde you not be ſatiſfied? God hath ſpoken it, the power of Hell cānot diſproue it, you ſhould beléeue it, and I doe end with it, happy are you, or anie man or woman in the worlde, if you féele your ſinne and ſorrowe for it, ſo that you wil beléeue. For you are not caſt away, but you ſhall be comforted: you wéepe nowe, but you ſhall laugh, and you ſhall féele the performance of the wordes of Dauid Pſalme 126. 5. They that ſowe in teares, ſhall reape in ioy: and they that go weeping and carie pretious ſeed, ſhall returne with ioy, and bring their ſheaues with thē. Wheras ỹ ſame god ſaith with a thundring ſound, woe be to them that laugh nowe, for they ſhall wéepe. Woe be to them, that in this life ſtretch themſelues vppon beds of Iuorie, ſing to the ſound of the Viole, and drinke their wine in bowles of golde, without ſenſe and ſorrowe for their ſinnes: for the daie wil come, when this ſwéet ſhall want, and what hath

not

not earſt béene felt, ſhall ſmarte and ſting, and burne no leſſe than the fire of hell, and ſtrongeſt venome of deſtructi-on, that euer was or may be. God therefore giue vs faith, and what fée-ling of ſinne it pleaſeth him. For this fleſhly peace, and ſecuritie within vs, is no token of loue, and the contrarie wa-kening, griefe and woe, is nothing euer to diſmay vs. Amen.

Strength againſt heat of affec-tions, the third temptation.

YOur third aſſault ariſeth of the diuers iniuries & ſundry wrõgs that you ſuſtain abroad without redreſſe or reuenge, togither with the vnduti fulneſſe either knowne or imagined in your own houſhold and family, wherby you are driuen to grea-ter impaciencie often than may ſtande with the liking of your God whom you ſerue, and whereby indéede, as you ſaie, if you leaue it not, you knowe you doe

drawe

drawe vpon you the heauie and angrie hand of him. For help whereof no further, but euen to the verie next verse following in the same Chapter of Matthew, and marke it wel. For wel knew the Lorde that as they that feare God, and haue not a gaping conscience to swallow for gaine horrible things, are both more subiect to pouertie with the companions thereof, and also more occasioned to mourne in respect of their owne causes and other mens, as also in respect of many checks, taunts, and vnkindnesses, which they shal indure more than others vpon whom this flattering world sleereth and laugheth, & in whom a lulled conscience offereth sight of little euill in them, and therefore néeded to be armed against them; as I say this hée knewe, so likewise as well did he foresée that these causes publike and priuate of impaciencie and distemperature in affections should arise vnto his children, and therefore prouided for it also. For cast your eies about the worlde a little, and view the course of things, and are

not

not the godly, harmlesse, and quiet men often in this world reiected and wrong and pinched at for this thing and that, when more contentious natures are let alone as shrowes to deale withall? Hath not ỳ true meaner often a shrewd turn done before others that are worse disposed? Hath not the voice of trueth pronounced it of those that be his, that in the world they shall be wronged and hated and persecuted, and so forth? Therefore, if for this also he had not left vs counsell, our happe had beene harder, and our sai should haue beene greater, by these occasions. But like a wise teacher, and a good God he hath done it as Isaie in the next verse there, and commendeth vnto vs the rule of our nature & the victorie ouer our affections be the prouocations neuer so manie to the contrary, setting a crowne of happinesse vppon the head of that glorious vertue in these words, Blessed are the meeke, for they shall inherite the earth. Nowe the meeke saith a learned man are they, which are not easily prouoked with iniu-

iniuries, which are not short and fastie vppon euerie offence, but are readie rather to suffer anie thing than to doo the thinges that the wicked doe, men and women to conclude that resist not euill, but ouercome euill with good. Or yet more fullie such (as an other saith) as are not of nature fearce, and desirous euer of reuenge, but milde, tractable, courteous, soft, and gentle, easily forgiuing a wrong, if it be done vnto them, hating chidings, contentions and strife, readie to giue place to euerie bodie, and chosing rather with a quiet minde to committe all to God, than with intemperate heate to pursue his owne right. Blessed are these men and women saith the Lorde, and happie shall they be, the earth is theirs, and the commodities in it, and they shall inherite them. And why so may you either say or thinke? Surelie because this is not flesh and bloude in them, but an heauenlie alteration of crooked nature by Gods renewing spirite. For flesh and bloud can not brooke wronges, but a man and wo-

man wrought in an other mould by the working grace of God, can & dailie doe. Nowe the Lorde worketh this in none but in such as shall neuer die (for this sanctifying spirit is the pleadge of election) and therefore blessed are the méeke. O Frailtie then, what a place is this to helpe your infirmitie withal, if you wil in déede consider of it earnestly? You can not forgiue, you can not forget, you can not be striken, but you must strike againe, you can not bee wronged by worde or déede either abroade of others, or priuately of your owne, but by and by you forget your selfe, your place, your calling, your God you serue, and a number other néedefull thinges to be regarded, & you are as hotte as fire for a time. But in déede you must do otherwise if you liue for euer, as you sée in this litle sentence. For the Lorde hath giuen it out and charged his ministers to the ende of the worlde with a bould spirite to proclaime it to his people, that blessed are the méeke. Nowe they that doe, as you do, are not méeke, and therefore

foꝛe you ſée the concluſion howe ſharpe it is, they ſhall neuer be bleſſed. And if not bleſſed, then neceſſarily wꝛetched, wofull, and curſed. Therefoꝛe I ſay againe, I pꝛay you let it be regarded, and thought vpon very earneſtly. Foꝛ truly mee thinke it moueth my ſelfe verie much. And though I ſée in the ſcripture manie other notable places ſounding fowꝛth the ſame, and manie reaſons conuincing by foꝛcible concluſion the neceſſitie of it, and many examples of the tried good that hath growen thereby, yet as to others God giueth a greater concept of one thing than an other, ſo this to me I finde moꝛe pearcing than the other I muſt néedes confeſſe. And yet becauſe euerie man is not my ſelfe, and you eſpeciallie Frailtie are not Faith, though my daylie companion in the woꝛlde, leaſt I ſhould miſſe of helping you by miniſtring nothing but mine owne medicine to you, I pꝛay you conſider alſo of the courſe of other ſcripture touching this matter. And firſt you ſhal ſée no calling amongſt men whereunto

the Lorde by name hath not inioyned this temperance of affections and ſweetneſſe of nature, which now I ſpeake of.

2.Timot.2,25. If they be miniſtres, then inſtruct ſaith he them that be contrarie minded with meekeneſſe. If they be Magiſtrates, it is likewiſe inioyned them. And meekenes beautifieth eſpecially them that are in authoritie ſaith Chryſoſtome. If they be neither, whatſoeuer they be, walke worthy of the vocation wherunto God hath called you (ſaieth the Apoſtle) with all humbleneſſe of minde, and meekeneſſe, and long ſuffering, ſupporting one another through loue. And Dauid giueth a reaſon of it: For them that are meeke ſhall he guide in iudgement, and teach the humble his way. And is this a forceleſſe reaſon? That which beautifieth euerie calling, and euerie perſon, ſhal it not beautifie you thinke you? And that which is forbidden to euerie one in ſo expreſſe plainenſſe, can you thinke the Lorde will euer allow in your ſelfe? Surelie he will not, and therefore know it and thinke of it, if you pleaſe the Lord

Pſal.25.9.

you

you must be méeke.

The reasons I spake of be these and such others. First the Apostle in his epistle to the Galathians reckoning vp the fruites of the spirite which neuer appeare in anie truly, but in such as shall be saued, reckoneth this as one amongst them, to be méeke, and amongest the fruites of the flesh, that shall leade vs vnto death, he reckoneth the contrarie, choler and heate, whereupon wee our selues (as cleare as ỹ sun) may sée, that if the Lorde voutsafe vs this change of nature from sowre to swéete, and from anger to méekenesse, there is no more comfortable crie can happen in this earth vnto our soules, that they are the Lordes. And if he doe not, then as mightilie ministreth it an argument againe of woe, alas, and endlesse woe vnto vs. 1 Galat. 5.

Secondlie to be méeke is a true imitation of Christ, for Learne of me saieth he, I am meeke and lowly in hoart. But he that treadeth the steps of this Lorde and God, shall neuer die: and therefore 2 Math. 11. 29.

the Lorde by name hath not inioyned this temperance of affections and ſweetneſſe of nature, which now I ſpeake of.

2.Timot.2.25. If they be miniſtres, then inſtruct ſaith he them that be contrarie minded with meekeneſſe. If they be Magiſtrates, it is likewiſe inioyned them. And meekenes beawtifieth eſpecially them that are in authoritie ſaith Chryſoſtome. If they be neither, whatſoeuer they be, walke worthy of the vocation wherunto God hath called you (ſaieth the Apoſtle) with all humbleneſſe of minde, and meekeneſſe, and long ſuffering, ſupporting one another through loue. And Dauid giueth a reaſon of it: For them that are meeke ſhall he guide in iudgement, and teach the humble his way. And is this a forceleſſe reaſon? That which beautifieth euerie calling, and euerie perſon, ſhal it not bewtifie you thinke you? And that which is forbidden to euerie one in ſo expreſſe plainenſſe, can you thinke the Lorde will euer allow in your ſelfe? Surelie he will not, and therefore know it and thinke of it, if you pleaſe the Lord

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you

you must be méeke.

The reasons I spake of be these and such others. First the Apostle in his epistle to the Galathians reckoning vp the fruites of the spirite which neuer appeare in anie truly, but in such as shall be saued, reckoneth this as one amongst them, to be méeke, and amongest the fruites of the flesshe, that shall leade vs vnto death, he reckoneth the contrarie, choler and heate, whereupon wee our selues (as cleare as ỹ sun) may sée, that if the Lorde voutsafe vs this change of nature from sowre to swéete, and from anger to méekenesse, there is no more comfortable crie can happen in this earth vnto our soules, that they are the Lordes. And if he doe not, then as mightilie ministreth it an argument againe of woe, alas, and endlesse woe vnto vs. 1 Galat. 5.

Secondlie to be méeke is a true imitation of Christ, for Learne of me saieth he, I am meeke and lowly in hoart. But he that treadeth the steps of this Lorde and God, shall neuer die: and therefore 2 Math. 11. 29.

blessed are the méeke. Contrariwise to be hastie, furious, and intemperate, is to followe Caine, Esau, and all reprobates, which whoso followeth, shal neuer liue, and therefore cursed is the contrarie.

3 Thirdlie, the Lorde careth for vs if wée be méeke, and watcheth ouer our wronges, séeing all the wordes & déedes and verie thoughtes conceiued against vs, and the Lorde will pay our debtes if we leaue it to him and iustle him not out of his throne, sitting downe our selues therein as iudges and reuengers of our owne causes. Ye knoweth our vprising, and downe lying, he is about our bed, and about our pathes, and spieth out all our goinges, and séeth hée not when we are wronged: He hath taken a reckoning of the verie heyres of our heads, he putteth our teares into his bottle, and are not our wronges thinke we noted in his booke? Wherefore how should we our selues learne to be méeke, to forgiue, and to referre our selues ouer to him, since we haue such a iudge: The

wise

wife whileſt her huſbande liueth, quieteth her ſelfe from forren toyles, and leaueth all incumbrances to him, for he careth for them: but if he by death departe from her, then ſhe her ſelfe, becauſe ſhe hath loſt her aide. Nowe we, if we be indéede as wee thinke wee are, the children of the Lorde, we are the ſpouſe of an huſbande that neuer dieth, but in life is permanent, in power ſufficient, in care ſtill vigilant, and therefore how ſhould this conſideration kill our affections, mortifie our baſtie heartes and handes, and altar vs daily to an heauenly temperance, patience and méekenes: The Lorde is our aduocate to put vp our ſute, the Lorde is alſo iudge to giue ſentence of our wrong, and Frailtie then howe can any eſcape that hurteth vs, if we would be méeke, and leaue it vnto him: Me thinke, me thinke I could euen dwel continually in this conſideration, it is ſo comfortable. What madneſſe ſhould moue vs to harbour our hurt, to hatch vp our harme, and to kéepe matters boyling and feſtring within vs vn-

forgiuen and vnforgotten, when wee haue such a Iudge? God strengthens vs and giue vs victorie of our selues. But why Frailtie, standest thou yet so mute? Beléeuest thou not all this? If thou dost yet hang in the byers of thy vnreformed passions, adde hereunto some further proofe of passed practise, and experience, & let that as mightie to perswade, confirme and comfort thée to this vertue, if it be the Lordes will.

The Israelites in Aegypt oppressed and harmed, could not with right countervaile might, but as patiently and méekely as God made them able, abid it, and cried vnto the Lord, and what followed? The Lorde heard them, Moses was sent, they were deliuered, and Pharaoh with all his host drowned in the sea. Sée with your own eies the reward of méekenesse.

Dauid oppressed by Saul his father in lawe, whom at home and abroade hee truely serued and honored, sought no reuenge, but euen refused it when it laie before him, and with all méekenesse, milde-

mildnesse, and patience committed it to the Lorde, and Saul had his punishment, Dauid the kingdome.

Iacob being threatned destruction by his brother, conceiued not by and by the like towardes him againe, but leaueth his countrie and fathers house, putteth vp the wrong, possesseth his spirit in patience and mæknesse: and what insued? The Lorde was with him both daie and night, the Angels of heauen are his seruantes, the Lord giueth him wiues and wealth, comfort & strength euerie where, and Esau liueth to die for euer, as the fatted oxe is prepared for the slaughter.

Ioseph horribly slaundered for his faithful seruice bare his grieuous crosse mékely, and honour is his ende, euen great and rare honour. O harts of ours then, where are they? What a God serue we, whose mercie vppon mékenesse hath thus shewed it selfe beside in numbers moe? Shall it not moue vs? Shall it not pierce vs? Nay shall it not change vs? God forbid wée shoulde be

senseleſſe, and therefore you ſée Frailtie what muſt be done, and what ſouereigne helpe the Lorde laieth downe for your infirmitie, be your occaſion publike or priuate, at home, or abroad, with manie or few, affections certainely muſt be brideled, and euen fought withall till they yéeld and become more quiet: otherwiſe we run vpon our ruine both in heauen and earth. For the one thus as you ſée is prooued, and truly the other is as true. For what gouernment are they worthy, that wil not gouerne, as they poſſibly can themſelues well? What trueth can they know, that can not abide to heare indifferently both parties? No, euery man ſhal frame him ſelfe to their humours till his turne be ſerued, and truth ſhall neuer dare to appeare before them. What daunger can be preuented, or what guileſull gueſt cã be diſcouered, when beate doth thunder out threates, ere the time ſerue to take knowledge of the matter? The enimie is armed, the friend is diſcouraged, and iudge your ſelfe then howe

That we hurt our ſelues alſo in earth by heat of affections.

ſtrength is impaired. What ſeruant, if God rule not in him mightily, will truly ſerue, where comfortable countenance either giueth not hope of conuenient reward, or at leaſt preſently accepteth, what is done, in fauour? What one that hath anie gifts, friends, or abilitie, will euer abide with a louing and true hart, where reproches and diſcomforts, are his daily death? No, no, it will neuer be, nor it cannot be. Well may a worldlie minde in regard of paſſed time and charge make men rubbe out and carie coales, till they can do better, or may get a cheate, but the heart being alienated, and the true faithfull kinde affection that is aboue golde, worne away with ofte rebukes, which being not digeſted ſend vp at times as tokens of their remaining a bitter ſalt, all is but hollowe, all is but in regarde of themſelues, and if time ſhoulde ſerue to nede them. God knowes howe their ſnubbed harts would call their ſnubbes to remembraunce, whereas meekeneſſe, gentleneſſe, comfort and counte-

nance

naunce maketh a seruant true in his dealings, painefull, willing, constant in his place, and readie euen to die in the seruice of them whose louing vsage hath pierced his soule with a permanēt affection if he be of any good nature, and if he be not, the same vertue of meeke-nesse watcheth, loketh, heareth and considereth all things wisely, not bewraying himselfe, till he haue found indeede a hollow seruant, and then weedeth out iustly so ill a member.

Therefore I saie againe whatsoeuer your occasiōs be of disorder in your affections, be they at home or abroade, truely Frailtie fight with your selfe, and neuer suffer your infirmitie to preuaile. For God requires it, and euen worldlie wisedome requires it: and the verie hardest things are made easie by some vse. Nowe you haue a God to helps you besyde vse, who with his blessed mouth hath promised help, and with his mightie spirit shall assist you, if you praie.

Frailtie.

Frailtie.

Yea but the course of the worlde serueth not for this counsel. For I tell you nowe adaies, who suffereth a little shall suffer more, and who putteth vp one wrong, shall put vp 20. Men can not liue nowe, and either get, or keepe, if they be so gentle as you woulde haue them.

Faith.

O Frailtie howe are you deceiued? And howe still sauour all your speeches of your nature? I pray you tell mee, if God would saie to you be meeke, and I would confirme thee in this worlde both with sufficient maintenaunce and continuance in the same, be the practises neuer so peeuish against thee, would you not beleeue him?

Frailtie.

Yes, for I knowe he is able to doe it, if he saie he will do it, and I am not yet so weake to doubt his power.

Faith.

Faith.

Verie well, and I pray you what followeth in this verse of Christ which now we handle? Is it not a flatte promise that the meeke shall inherite the earth? If you will then stande to your speech, and beleeue the Lorde vppon his worde, doe it nowe then and euer hereafter, for here you see his promise. The whole world may rage against vs, and yet shal we inherite the earth in dispite of them all if we will be meeke. That is, we shall both get and keepe that portion, which the Lord thinketh meet for vs, will they, nill they, that doe trouble vs: neither euer shal the force of foe further preuaile against vs, than shall be good one waie or other for vs. Blessed father of heauē what a promise is this, and how contrarie to mans reason and sense: yet repeated ouer and ouer in the scripture for further assuraunce as you may see, if you reade but that one psalm the 37. confirmed to vs by Paul, who saith he had nothing, and yet possessed al

things,

things, and by the experience of all the godlie that euer was. Therefore euen a thousande times marke it Frailtie, and laie it vp. The worlde pitieth these méeke ones, and calleth them Gods fooles: but the Lord blesseth them, and his blessing maketh wise. The worlde iudgeth méekenesse the verie high way to beggerie, and yet you heare the Lord euen flatly say, they shall inherite the land that haue the same, were all the worlde against them. Therefore to go no further, conclude nowe with your heart Frailtie, to vse this remedy of the Lordes laid downe to bridle fraile affections and trust his worde. Certaine now you see it is (for the Lord hath said it) Blessed are the meeke. And euen by that holde that I for my parte haue taken of this promise, I pronounce vnto you againe, that the very day and houre of your birth you may blesse, if the Lorde giue you victory ouer your affections and make you méeke; and so I leaue you to his mercie.

The

The fourth temptation, arising of want of iuſtice in our cauſes, &c.

Frailtie.

I Cannot denie, but your perſwaſions are vpon true warrant, & they ought greatly to mooue: yet me thinke you doe not fullie marke my caſe. For if I ſought anie thing either at home in my houſe of my familie, or abroade in the worlde of others, which were not bothe meete for a Chriſtian to demaunde, and in trueth mine owne flat right, I could ſee mine anger to be faultie, & patientlie learne to put vp the matter I truſt in time. But I tell you *Faith*, I doe not ſo: I ſeeke nothing, but, as I haue ſaide, mine owne due, what I ought to haue, and what I truely pay for: and therefore I tell you in this caſe my choler hath more warrant than you well marke. For it woulde touch anie bodie to looſe his right

right. And a man were better out of this worlde, than to bee robbed thus of iuſtice and lawfull fauour as I am. It makes mee wearie of my life: and I tell you I fegle it ſtirre within mee, euen to ſtrike handes with the wicked, and to doe as men may like me, that I may be quiet.

Faith.

Softlie Frailtie, ſoftlie, your tongue tumbleth too faſt, and your nature I tell you plaine breaketh out too much. Shall I loſe my labor with you, and preuaile nothing with either ſpeech or good will? Are you not aſhamed with this affirmation, that if you ſought anie thing vnlawfull, you could beare in meekeneſſe the deuill? Why, no thankes to you. Thus could a Turke or Heathen doe, and almoſt the Diuell: common reaſon woulde make them. But I tell you, except your meekeneſſe exceede this, you ſhall neuer be ſaued. For the ſcripture is plaine, there is no praiſe to bee patient when a man deſerues of mã his paine, but if when we doe well, wee

ſuffer wrong, and yet be meeke & patient, this is acceptable to God ſaieth the Apoſtle. And euen in your verie caſe of ſutes and demaundes, that are but right, if iuſtice be not had, yet muſt this vertue of meekeneſſe remaine in vs, as may euidentlie appeare in the verie
Chap. 5. next verſe of Matthewe. For there the Lord knowing the nature of fraile fleſh, how it would ſtartle and ſtorme at this matter, and be tempted by it to forſake his trueth, as it were of purpoſe bitteth your obiection on the mouth with his hande, and biddeth it ſtande backe, as not worthie to appeare and be heard. For Bleſſed (ſaith he) are they that hunger and thirſt after righteouſneſſe, for they ſhall bee ſatiſfied. That is, bleſſed are they that notwithſtanding they ſo moderate their deſires, as neuer they ſeeke or wiſh but what is iuſt and right, and their owne due debt; yet as hungrie and thirſtie liue in patience & cannot be ſatiſfied with recept of iuſtice for their owne. Bleſſed I ſay are theſe, and they ſhalbe ſatiſfied. Where you ſee euē with

both

both your eyes, except you wil winke, y euen in our owne right we must want right somtimes in this world, & yet must be meeke and godly and faithful still. And in the ende we shalbe satisfied, either of man, or God, or both, as surelie as wee liue. Therefore Frailtie, if it bee possible cease to be Frailtie, and gouerne affections by these sweete promises of eternall trueth.

No want of iustice, no wrongfull oppression, no crosse and vnconscionable dealing of men, must make vs fall out with our God or strike handes with the wicked. God forbid. Shall we serue God no longer than hee will rule his wisedome by our wisedome, and serue our desires fitly? But wordes bee but wordes, and yet I tell you these wordes are true reason. Notwithstanding consider you for your confirmation what godly men in the scriptures haue euer done: and if God will haue mercie vpon you, reform your nature to their alowed course. I pray you if a man serue at the altar, is it not reason that he liue of

the altar, that is, if a man spende himselfe, his bodie, his minde, his goods to instruct people in the way of saluation, & require of them againe meate, drinke, and clothing for his paines, doth he require a thing vnreasonable, or doeth he demaunde anie more than is his due right? Yet did Paul the déere seruaunt of the Lorde hunger and thirst after this righteousnesse, and had it not. For vnto this houre saith he of himselfe, we both hunger and thirst, and are naked, & are buffered, and haue no certaine dwelling place, &c. Yet was he méeke, patient, & his affections orderly for all this, & yet he had not his right as you see. What did Dauid againe desire at Sauls hande, but that since he had voutsafed to make him his sonne in lawe, hee would likewise vse him so, or at least as a true subiect and seruant, with safetie of life til he deserued worse? And was not this right and his verie due? Yet pleased it God Dauid should hunger, and thirst for this righteousnes, and not haue it. And yet you see I saie againe it was his right.

1. Cor. 4. 11.
2. Cor. 11.

right. What did Ioseph hunger and thirst for, but to be reputed honest, when hee was honest, and not stained with that crime which his soule abhorred: Yet did he want it. What did all the Prophetes and Martyres desire, but Gods glorie to be increased, and their owne liues saued when they deserued no death: Yet did they want it. May what did euen Christ himselfe hunger and thirst for, whilest he here liued, but the rising vp of Gods kingdome in the heartes of men, and the saluation of their soules: Yet euen this right and due to him, and this great and endlesse good to men themselues, could hee not obtaine, but hungring and thirsting after it, was despised and scorned, and in the end killed. Yet were all these meeke, and gentle, and quiet in their affections, notwithstanding all this, and neuer fretted themselues at the crooked course of a cursed worlde, but staied thēselues, and at the Lordes handes they were all satisfied in the ende, according to this promise, Ye haue heard that it hath bin Mat. 13 38.

saide an eie for an eie, and a tooth for a tooth, but I say vnto you resist not euill: but whosoeuer shall smite thee on the right cheeke, turne to him the other also. Yea euen yet further, they thus wronged in the worlde spake of meekenesse, and commended it both to themselues and others. For Learne of me, (saieth our saiuour Christ) that I am meeke, and lowelie in heart. And them that be meeke (saieth Dauid) shall the Lorde guide in iudgement, and such as be gentle, them shall he teach his way. Wherefore I conclude if it pleased the Lorde thus to deale euer with his children, and euen with his owne deere son yet satisfying them in the ende, and hath in mercie made a faithfull promise to deale no worse with vs in the ende, if we will be content: truly then no want of iustice, euer in our most righteous sutes and demaundes, should make vs intemperate, but rather driue vs to this promise, and in it wee to bee content with all meeke mildenesse, both of heart, tongue, and countenance, till

the

the Lorde see his time to satisfie vs. And I pray you Frailtie consider of it. You see it with your eyes, your excuse is nought, be your right neuer so good, and your wrong neuer so great. But wee can not doe what we should doe euer, and especially in these harde conflictes. Yet as neere as we can, let vs be ruled, and drawe to this heauenly vertue dayly more and more of meekenesse and patience. If we will not, surely as we liue, when the Lorde hath tried vs a while with mercie seeking our good and cannot bowe vs, he will at last scourge vs in anger, & fiercely breake vs. If the iudge should say it, or anie mortal man, be content and I will satisfie you, we would be quiet, and shall the God of heauen & earth so saying not be heard, trusted, and regarded: The Lord shew his worke vpon vs: for otherwise, if there be a hell, or he be a God, this intollerable contempt of so sweete a promise, and so sure a blessing will haue a scorching reward at the last. I can say no more Frailtie, but bid you looke vpon

his owne wordes, he saith you are blessed when you are oppressed for want of right, if you will be content, and you shall of his owne selfe be truly and fully satisfied, if you will mildely tarie for it. Nowe if you will call him lier to his face, and say you are miserable because you are so dealt withall, or not happie, neither shall it be better with you vnlesse you wil leaue his lawes, and ioyne felowshippe with the wicked, you may worke your owne woe, and who can helpe it? But I hope better of you, and I wish better to you, which you shall neuer misse if you will be meeke. And so let the Lorde worke with you, you see his worde, and you knowe my minde.

The fifth temptation against mercifulnesse by reason of vnthankefulnesse.

Frailtie.

SInce then you are so plaine and comfortable, I will yet further bewraie my secrete assaultes vnto you,

you, if I ſhall not be troubleſome, and craue your ſtrength as in theſe, hoping when the remedie appointed of God is vſed, it will preuaile with mee. I doe then ouer and beſide all theſe, find manie other infirmities and euen in any thing that God hath commanded, ſomthing or other faſt creepeth vppon mee to ſlacke mee from that duetie, which I knowe to be enioined mee. As firſt in dealing with ſuch as haue neede of my helpe as a good Chriſtian ſhoulde, truely you will not beleeue howe the ingratitude of the world quencheth my hart, and ſtayeth my hand. For I ſee the courſe of men and the naughtineſſe of natures in theſe euil daies. Let a man lende his poore neighbour ſomething to helpe him withall, as God commaundeth, or let him euen giue cleerely for euer to him, yet ſhall he neuer a whit be better loued of a number for it: but if he lende, be driuen to ſue for his owne: and if hee giue, haue rather vnkindneſſe, and a taunting ſcornefull ſpeech, than any other commendable and thankefull con-

ſideration for his goodwil. Whereby I am often (I confeſſe my corruption) driuen euen to the point of this worldly and wicked concluſion with my ſelfe, Let them ſinke or ſwimme for mee, I wil ſeeke to liue my ſelfe out of al mens daungers, and I wil neither borrow nor lend, giue nor take, make nor meddle. Let other mens wantes be other mens woes, and God helpe them, there are manie waies to make a man poore, though his hand be harde ynough. Now this I know is vngodly, and I was not borne to doe thus, yet *Frailtie* I am, and by reaſon of the monſtrous ingratitude that the worlde aboundeth with, perforce I confeſſe it, I am often driuen towardes this rocke. Againe I ſee euerie man euen from the head to the foote, ſo giuen to halting, cogging, gloſing, lying, ſoothing, ſmoothing, flattering, and diſſembling, and ſo thereby to winne fauour, to winne wealth, to winne friends & countenance in their dealings, that me thinke I cannot ſtand anie longer in the innocencie of a good conſcience,

ence, but I muſt doe as they doe, that I may get what they get. Yet knowe I this to be diueliſh, but I am *Frailtie* by name, and I feare mee by nature I ſhall be no leſſe. Thirdly, when any vnquietneſſe growes in towne and countrie, or any iarring vnkindneſſe, I ſee ſuch hazard in dealing betwixt them, ſuch ſubtilties and fetches to make a man a partie in that which his ſoule hated, and ſo to trouble him, and let the beſt be ſuppoſed, I ſee vſually ſo ſmall thanke gotten of either partie, but euen the cõtrarie, that I aſſure you, I ſit ſtill and let them bate the fire that made the fire, and themſelues waſte one an other, and a thouſande moe too for mee, if they wil. Notwithſtanding my conſcience accuſeth mee ſecretly, that this is not wel doone of mee. And thus indangered without, and accuſed within, me thinke my caſe is harde and grieuous. But I wil not wearie you with any moe of my infirmities. For I euen ſhame to ſhewe you theſe, but that you are *Faith*, a friend where you take ſtrong and comfortable,

and

and gaue me libertie to be thus boulde with you before.

Faith.

In déede Frailtie you are, when these things thus flowe vpon you, yet Frailtie may you cease to be, by the grace of God, if you wil diligently wey what strength in the scripture is ministred against them. For to begin with you first, & letting store of other scriptures passe to kéep me stil in this gift of Matthew, euidently it may there appéere, that the Lord knewe it would assault his children, and therefore vttered this sentence, no doubt of purpose to confirme them still, that Blessed are the mercifull, for they shall obtaine mercie. Verse 5. Wherein if it were well marked, there is comfort hidden euen sufficiét against this vile suggestion. For shall the Lord of heauen set a blessing vpon the head of a thing, and we not be moued with it? May shall it not more moue vs, than al the spéeches or conceites in the worlde to the contrarie tending? What though

a

a dull heart say, let all men perish, so I may be safe, or what though a thousand policies pricke to a priuate regarde aboue measure of priuate welbeing, doe we not heare with our eares, and see with our eies, the speech of truth which shall stand when heauen and earth shal fall, Blessed is the merciful? Either then make God false, or this blessing assured to the vertue euer. And if it be assured, then neuer regarde the conceits of a witlesse world, but consider the vertue in it selfe, and what it shall pull vppon you. Then to the imagination of want that may growe by this grace, and to the sting that ariseth vpon their ingratitude, whom we haue béene mercifull vnto, oppose the promise that followeth in the place, For they shall obtaine mercie. Doth a man obtaine mercie when he is in this world made worse, and in the world to come no better? No; you know he doth not, and therefore it must néedes follow, that this promised mercie implieth a greater good than euer can come harme by a liberall and mercifull

hand

hande in order, either in this world, or in the other, or in both. And it hath confirmation also of scriptures beside. For I haue beene yong (saieth the Prophet Dauid) and nowe am olde, yet sawe I neuer the righteous forsaken, nor his seede begging their bread. But the righteous is euer mercifull and lendeth, and his seede is blessed. And againe in another Psalme, A good man is merciful, and lendeth, and he shall neuer be moued, but had in euerlasting remembrance. Whereby it is plaine & plaine inough, that let the world and her chickens be as churlish as they may be, yet mercie is gainefull by the promise of the Lord vnto the mercifull. And more should we regarde, what our God liketh, loueth, & blesseth, than what with worldly wretches getteth reward. Yet euen here also it hath his praise, as you may see by proofe in Iob and others manie, though not peraduenture euer in all that are most bound vnto it. Wherefore, euen a thousand times we shoulde contemne this rude nature of vnreformed

57.25.

112.5.

31.20.

Prou.12.26.

med worldlings, and lette them be as vnkinde, as vngratefull, and as perverse as their corruption can make thē, if the Lorde soften our hearts, and giue vs this vertue of mercie, our reward is certaine, the bill of our blessednesse is signed, and we, as we could euer desire, assured to be gainers. Sincke it then Frailtie in your heart, if I may obtaine anie thing of you, and beare not these things without any profit. Ponder the good promised in your minde, and ponder the trueth of him that promiseth it, God of heauen & earth. If the good counteruaile your hurt, as a thousād times it doth, your temptatiō is strengthned, and if he neuer deceiued, that hath giuen his worde for payment of you, it is more strengthned, but both of these are true, and therefore God giue you vse of them, the blessing of mercifulnesse to al that truely nēede your helpe, is assured. This were inough then if you be not vtterly fallen out with mée, and will credite nothing that Faith telleth you, to stay your steps in this godly duety of

mercie,

mercie, yet regarding your nature rather than the neede of the thing, adde vnto al this but some litle view in your minde of the vertue it selfe in it selfe, and it may be you shall finde strength increased by it. Is it not in his nature thinke you an assured vertue, that God maketh euer anie promise of reward vnto? Or can it make miserable that the Lord saith, maketh blessed? Or is it not cause ynough to continue you euer in the practise of it, that the Lord so often, so earnestly, and so generally to all estates commaundeth it? Surely it is, and therefore mercie in it nature is a most notable vertue. Is it not to be honored that maketh men in whome it is so renowmed, as that all ages speake and write of their names and natures for it? But this vertue of mercie hath beene such to many, and therefore in all truth, a notable vertue. For proofe of my assertion, I let passe the multitude of the faithfull, whome either scriptures or stories, or present practise, as yet amongst vs honorably speake and think of.

Mich. 6.6.
Colos. 3.12.

of. And I remember you onelie of his name, whose nature in this action (being an heathen) hath often well liked me Alexander the great. Whom when one Petillus humblie besought to helpe him with some money towardes the bestowing of his daughter in mariage, by and by he commaunded 50. talentes to be given vnto him: and when the man refused so great a gift, saying, that ten talentes would suffise, beeing tolde of it he also aunswered, that it behoued a good nature, not onelie to consider what an honest friende doeth aske, but what his abilitie is well to spare and giue. Thinking belike (which in trueth is often so indéede) that either modestie, or feare, or some one regarde or other, may make an honest nature, not aske so much as in déede he standeth in néede of manie a time, & therefore good reason a faithfull friend should haue respect to such an one aboue his asking euer. Note.

Was not this a swéete nature then, and a notable vertue in this man? Or can anie man reade this of him, and not

loue and like him for it. Great therefore is the praise of mercie and tender kindnesse euer. By mercie we resemble God, and prowue our selues his children: For our heauenlie father is mercifull. By mercie we become instruments and as it were amners to the Lorde to deliuer his gratious benefites to our brethren, and euen verie equitie requireth it at our handes, that if we finde mercie our selues in all our nedes with God, wee shoulde not denie it in their wantes vnto our brethren. For so saith the Lorde to that euill seruaunt in the Gospell, that he should haue forgiuen, because he was forgiuen himselfe, and shewed kindnesse to his fellowe, since he had founde it with the Lorde himselfe. Last of all that fearefull threate of mercie euer to be denied to vs, if we denie it our selues to others should strengthen and staie vs in this vertue for euermore. Therefore loke not I say againe vpon mens acceptance of our dowings, but loke vpon the vertue it selfe, howe it adorneth a man, howe it commendeth

Luke 6.

Math. 18.

mendeth a man, and howe it maketh his fame to flie both farre and néere in euerie place. And lóke vppon the sure reward, that is promised to it by the Lorde. If you be mercifull you shall be blessed, if you bee mercifull you shall haue mercie, if you bee mercifull you shalbe renowned, you shall assure your soule that you are the Lordes, because you resemble his nature, and if you be not, both God and man shall curse you: Therefore be mercifull. This may incourage vs, and this will incourage vs certainely Frailtie, if the Lorde be not quite departed from vs. But as it is néedful that this vertue should be in vs, so is it as néedefull that it be rightly in vs, for otherwise we deceiue our selues, and wee shall misse the reward in the ende. And therefore as I haue indeuored to stirre you vp vnto it, so it shall not be vnprofitable peraduenture altogether if I also direct you a little in it. Some then haue thought this vertue to haue béene deliuered in the verse before which we haue heard of vnder the name

of méekenesse, but in déede they differ much. For méekenesse then is shewed, when we our selues are wronged, and yet reuenge not, but put it vp and leaue it to the Lorde. And mercie when wee our selues being no way hurt, yet are touched and moued with other mens wantes, and euen suffring with them because they suffer, indeuour ourselues to our abilitie to relieue and helpe them. So that this vertue of mercy as you sée, standeth of two partes, to wit, of a tender séeling, and compassion within vs, and of an outwarde louing helpe with our abilitie whatsoeuer it is without vs. The miserie of man is of two sorts, and therefore also this mercifull pitie and helpe of as many. For either a man wanteth what is néedefull for his soule, or what is conuenient for his bodie. And both of these doth a mercifull christian tender and pitie, and helpe, as he can. Of the former we haue a prowfe in the example of our sauiour Christ, whose bowels euen yerned and heart aked to sée the spirituall miserie and want of

Marke 6.

that

that great multitude that then he sawe being destitute of knowledge and altogether as wandering sheepe without a sheapheard. Of the seconde we haue a proofe also in the Samaritan, whose mercifull nature sheweth it selfe towarde bodily wantes, and outward griefes of him that theeues had so ill handled. And in both these you see the partes I spake of, namelie inwarde compassion and outwarde helpe. Without which neuer can this vertue stande, nor wee be liked either of God or man. For if we pitie and yet helpe not, that feareful speech of Iohn lighteth on vs, Howe dwelleth the loue of God in vs, and we shall assuredly heare it in the day of iudgement, When I was naked yee clothed me not, when I was hungrie yee fedde me not, and so forth. And if we helpe a man in his neede, and yet doe it not vppon anie tender compassion towarde him, but vppon a folitie and pride in our selues, and vppon an imagination of merite for the worke sake, or such like, it is lothsome: againe, Luke 10.

all that euer we doe to the Lorde, and we lose our rewarde. If you doubt of this, you may sée it proued in the Pharisies, whose almes abounded, & made a glorious shewe. But because they let the weightier matters passe, as iudgement and Mercie and fidelitie, their outwarde déedes had neuer reward. Therefore euen a thousande times marke it, howe want of right disposition in the heart, maketh outwarde dealing of giftes, be it neuer so magnificall, but pharisaicall and wicked: against that blockish assertion of some, that the déede done must néedes be rewarded. This tender séeling doth the Apostle both professe in himselfe, and require in others. In himselfe, when hee asketh who is weake and he is not weake, who is offended and hee burneth not? In others, when he saith, wéepe with them that wéepe, and rebuketh the Corinthians for that they séeing so great a fall of their brother, were puffed vp and did not rather sorrowe. So well thus you sée what manner of mercie must be in you,

Matth. 6.
Matth. 23.
2. Cor. 11. 29.
Rom. 12.
Cor. 15.

if

if it be allowed of the Lorde. Nowe howe this good vertue is begotten in vs, let vs also consider, and beside diuers others that might be named, you shall see the workers of it especially and aboue other meanes to bee experience and sight. For the first wee see it in the wisedome of the Lorde our God most plainely, who therefore gaue his owne sonne a sense of our woes, that experience might make him a more mercifull, readie and carefull regarder of our sutes. It behooueth him (saith the Apostle) in all thinges to be made like to his brethren, that hee might be a mercifull and faithfull high Priest. And againe, We haue not an high Priest that cannot be touched with the feeling of our infirmities, but wee haue one that was in all things tempted in like sort, yet without sin, concluding thereupon presently, Let vs therfore go boldlie to the throne of grace, that wee may receiue mercie and grace to help in time of neede. Why so? Assuredlie because wee can neuer feele that want which he knoweth not, and

Howe mercifulnesse is wrought in men.

Experience.

Heb. 2. 17.

4. 15.

and knowing, experience worketh effectually a readie regarde and helpe. Whereuppon by the way, wee may grounde a great comfort against anie crosse if we marke it. For thus may we thinke, if mercifulnes make vs blessed, and experience make vs mercifull, then whensoeuer the Lorde giueth vs anie tast of woe, he doeth but schoole vs vnto happinesse. But I passe it ouer, and now let vs consider, what a verie monster and vglie beast in nature he is, who hauing himselfe drunke of the beggers dish, and tasted the smart of nedy want, yet neuer the more is moued in tender kindnesse to others, when God hath made him able to helpe them, but as brasse or yron turneth both hande and heart away, when pitifull sutes are made vnto him for some comfort. And then viewe we in like manner the force of sight in such examples as wee haue commended to vs in the scriptures. When Pharaohs daughter sawe little Moses in the basket, she pitied it: when Iesus sawe the multitude, he had compassion

Sight a worker of mercifulnesse.

Exod 2.
Matth. 14.

passion on them, and healed all their sicke: when hée sawe their want of teachers, he pitied them: when he saw the woman wéepe whose sonne was dead, he pitied her: when the Samaritan sawe the wounded man, he pitied him: when the Lorde sawe his debter fall downe, he forgaue him all: and hée that séeth his brother want, and turneth his face awaie, O howe is the loue of God in him? with a number such. So that sight I say aboue either hearing or manie other meanes, is a vehement worker of this vertue in vs, if wée be the Lordes: and of this vertue not in part, but in whole, for if you marke the examples againe, you shall neither sée pitie without helpe, nor helpe without entire compassion in them, but both together, the one following euer after and vpon the other: which if it be so, then shoulde wée take a view of ourselues, occasioned by this doctrine, and diligently weigh what either sight of other mens woes, or hearing, or anie other meanes worketh in vs, and if we find a

Marke 6. Luke 7. Luke 10. Luke 18.

flintie heart within vs, whatsoeuer we sée or heare, iudge then betimes what will be our case at one time or other, when blessed shall be the mercifull. Surely we shall finde what the Lorde hath spoken, that iudgement without mercie shall be vnto vs, because wée haue shewed no mercie. And if we finde the contrarie, as greatly may it ioie vs againe on the other side. But I forget my selfe in following this discourse too farre, and therefore here will I cutte it off: once againe desiring you neither in this vertue, nor others euer so much to regarde what the worlde doeth thinke, as what the God of heauen that made the worlde, doeth iudge. For if you doe, you shall neuer whilest you liue kéepe a straight course in any good. The Lord saieth the mercifull man shall be blessed, therefore shame vnto the face that once auoucheth it, that mercy maketh miserable. The Lorde accepteth it, let the worlde neglect it: the Lorde rewardeth it, let a senseleste worldling be neuer so vn-

James 2. 13.

vngratefull, and what the Lorde rewardeth, it can neuer make a man worse if he vse it, therefore be mercifull. What should I saie? Certainely Frailtie, till God become false, till his blessings become cursings, his promises vnprofitable, and his rewardes not worth hauing, the fæling heart and the helping hand, head, tongue, or anie member gift or abilitie in vs can neuer impouerish vs beyond our good, as you plainely sée: and therefore your temptation is answeared, and your weaknesse strengthened, if the Lorde graunt you fæling and vse of his word: which I trust he will, and beseech him that he may.

Strength against Dissimulation, the sixt temptation.

YOur next temptation ariseth by dissimulation, and a mighty motion you finde to do as the world doth. But Frailtie, would you leaue

leaue to thinke gaine to be godlineſſe, and beginne to thinke onelie godlineſſe to be gaine, as the Apoſtle teacheth, and a little to weigh with your ſelfe, what in euerie age euerie honeſt man and woman hath thought of this beaſtly vice, were it neuer ſo generall, ſurely you woulde finde ſtrength againſt it in your ſelfe, and a maruellous hatred kindled in your heart of it I beléeue verily. For there is nothing that pulleth any bodie into this Metamorphoſis of nature, but a careleſſe contempt of al opinions of vs, ſo wée may flouriſh and get our deſire of this curſed worlde.

Which I muſt ſay againe is a beaſtly vice in man or woman, becauſe it ſo maketh them that vſe it, this being euer the propertie of a man, to preferre honeſtie before all vtilitie. Nowe if you aſke what hath béen thought, I am able to ſhew you euen vnder one ſight, both God and man againſt it, and man not onely Chriſtian, but heathen, ſuch as beſide the light of nature had no direction by the Lorde. For, Wo vnto them

Scripture againſt it.

Eſay 28.

them (saith the Lorde) that seeke deepe to hide their counsels from me. That is, that carie more shew than trueth, as they doe which are outwardely religious, and inwardly most prophane contemners of the same. Helpe Lord saieth the Prophet Dauid, for it is high time, there is not one godlie man left, but the faithfull are minished from the children of men: they talke of vanitie euery man with his neighbour, they doe but flatter with their lips, and dissemble with their double heart. And then in the detestation of so vile a thing the spirite of the Prophet breaketh out into a curse, and the Lord roote out saith he, such deceitfull lips. Which certainely is a speech that shoulde pierce vs deepe, when wee consider and thinke of it. The Apostle Peter also crieth vnto all that feare God Laie aside al maliciousnesse, and al guile, and all dissimulation, enuie, and all euill speaking, opposing these to the sincere milke of the worde of GOD, which al men ought to desire, that they may growe thereby, as things that can-

Psalme 12.

1. Pet. 2. 1.

cannot agrée and dwell together in any man. And if we marke examples, was it not, I praie you, a horrible thing for Simeon and Leuie to pretende such friendshippe to the Sichemites, and to harbour secretely so bloudie conceites? Did not the soule of their godlie father Iacob detest both such men, and such dealings? Was it not vile and vnseeming either for a king, or an honest man to dissemble such liking of Dauid, as that hée woulde giue him his daughter to wife, and yet meane nothing therby in truth, but to snare him, and to worke his certaine ouerthrowe by it? Such loue come to them that long for it, and such fathers in lawe God keepe vs euer from may we thinke and say, if we marke it. Was it not a detestable nature in Cain vnder a brothers face to dissemble a murthering heart and minde? Can you abide but euen to thinke of that cursed Courtier Ioabs speech: Art thou in health my brother Amasa, and leaning forwarde to kisse him, secretely to stabbe him with

2.Sam.18.21.

2.Sam.20.9.

his

his dagger that he died p̄ſētly: Theſe are the effects of this cruell vice, & theſe are the fruites of ſuch vnnaturall men as haue caried faces vnder an hood moe than they would ſhew, which aſſuredly the Lorde hath cauſed to be written to confirme our heartes in an vnfained loathing of it, ſéeme it neuer ſuch wiſedome in a wicked worlde, and bring it neuer ſuch gaine to the vſers of it. Now on the contrarie ſide conſider againe what a laſting praiſe is giuen to the contrarie, namely, to ſincere & faithfull, true and plaine honeſt dealing with all men. So ſhall it ſtill appeare vnto you clærer, that deteſtable in the eies of god is a gloſing tōgue, with an holow halting and diſſembling heart. What man is he, ſaith ỹ prophet Dauid, that liſteth to liue and would faine ſee good daies, let him keep his tongue frō euil, and his lips that they ſpeake no guile. As if he ſhould ſay, halters will be halted withall, one waie or other, let them doe what they can, and ſo euill a nature ſhall finde either with God or man, or with both at laſt Pſalme 34.

lasse deserued recompence, and therefore be simple. Againe, in an other
Psalme 32. place, Blessed is the man in whose spirit there is no guile. And againe, Lorde who shall dwell in thy tabernacle, or who shall rest vpon thy holie hill? Euen the man saith the Lorde that amongest other vertues hath this by name to speake the trueth, when hée speaketh, from his heart. And what a spéech is that of the Apostle Paul to the Corinthi-
Psalme 15. ans, Our reioicing is this, the testimonie of our conscience, that in simplicitie and godlie pureneſſe, and not in fleshly wisedome, we haue had our conuersatiō in the worlde. His conscience boze him witnes of plaine dealing euer, & it ioyed him. Ours crie within vs, our dissembling is monstrous, & shall it neuer thinke we bring sorowe to vs? Reade at your leasure the first of Syrach from the 33. verse to the ende. Neuer forget also the commendation that Christ giueth to Nathaniel. But what should I heape vp anie moe testimonies? May I not still referre you to the fifth of

Mat-

Matthewe, and you there ſée euen this tẽptation alſo as one that ſhould aſſault the godlie prouided for in theſe wordes, Bleſſed are the pure in heart, for they ſhall ſee God. Conſider then of it well, Frailtie, and be aſſured where there is a bleſſing ſet vpon the head of the vertue, there is alſo a curſe ſet vppon the heade of the vice euer. If they bee bleſſed of the Lorde, that reſerue in themſelues, notwithſtanding all temptations to the contrarie, an honeſt, faithfull, ſimple, true dealing, and meaning heart towarde all men, and in whoſe ſpirites there is no guile, then as you line, you may aſſure your ſoule the contrarie are curſed before the face of him that is truth it ſelfe and neuer any thing but trueth. And whatſoeuer they gaine and get in the worlde, they gaine and get the Diuell and all with it, vnleſſe the Lorde turne their heartes. But let this ſuffice a while touching God and his worde, howe they doe allowe this vice whereunto you féele your ſelfe ſo greatly tempted. And a little alſo weigh

Fathers against it.

his children iudgement of it, the auncient graue and godlie fathers of his Church. S. Chrysostome writing vpon the 7. of Matthewe and considering this slie nature of men and women, so faithfull in shewe, and so faithlesse in proofe, breaketh out into this detestation of it, Fie, fie, saith he, what a course is this? If it be a shame to seeme to be false and nought, is it not more shame to be so in deede? Therefore either be as thou seemest, or seeme as thou art euer. Where you plainely see, the true loathing, that this godlie father lodged of this vice in his heart. S. Austine speaking vppon the woordes of Christ to Nathaniel, concludeth this glorious glosse that manie make, and this deepe dissembling that manie vse, to be a speciall of the generall heade fraude and deceite, the verie naming whereof wee all abhorre. And vppon these woordes againe of the Psalme: Keepe thy tongue from euill, and thy lippes that they speake no guile. Then saith he, is it treacherous Fraud, *Cum aliud in pectore clausum habetur, aliud promit-*

promittitur aut verbo aut actione. When one thing is hidden in heart, and an other thing promised either by worde or action. Nowe of the contrarie vertue openlie and expressedlie hee affirmeth, that the simple God heartily loueth, and an other sheweth who they be, euen they whose dealings are without pleites and foulds & wrinckles euerie way. Againe that simplicitie and plaine open honestie, that is contrarie to fraude and subtiltie euer is commended saieth Lactantius. And simplicitie is euer ioyned with true wisedom saith Tertullian. No vertue so necessarie betwixt man and man, as humble simplicitie and modest grauitie, saieth an other. And to conclude, if wee regarde the sentences and iudgementes of ante, but our selues, certainely mee thinke it should neuer bee forgotten, what S. Hierome so heartily speaketh: Haue euer such a regarde of trueth in all thy doings, as if once thou hast spoken it, all one thou takest thy selfe pressed with it, as if thou hadst sworne it a thou-

Simplices quasi sine plicatione. Anselm. in Rom. 9.

Lib. 1.

Ad Cælant.

sande times. Thus sée you secondlie then the iudgement of true Christian teachers touching the vice you are so stronglie tempted to staine your selfe withall. Thirdlie nowe viewe the opinion of the heathen concerning the same, and if nature taught them verie heartilie euen to abhorre it, what will bee the ende Frailtie, can you suppose, either of your selfe, or any other, in whom neither nature, nor the renued light, & strength thereof the blessed word of God can keepe vpright in ỹ Christian course of plaine, true, faithfull, honest meaning, speaking, thinking, and dealing with all men. What is horrible deceite and fraude saith one of them a famous Councellour, but when one thing is done, and an other presented in outwarde shewe? Therefore like of the one and like of the other, hate the former and abhorre the latter, thought this man sée you plainely in this place: And in an other place, he hath this reason against it. Suspition (saith he) of others, was neuer good, but the more a-

Heathen against it. Cic.

Offic. 2.

nie

ny man or woman vſe diſſembling and halting themſelues, the more euer they will ſtande in a ſuſpicious feare of others that they likewiſe vſe it, therefore neuer was it, nor euer ſhalbe any commendable courſe in any. Againe how ſoundeth it ſtill vnto all poſterities, the diſcredite and ſhame of thoſe cauilling, gloſing Thracians, who hauing taken truce for 30. dayes, ſpoyled their enemies in the night with this ſhameful ſhift, that they named no truce to be kept on the night but onely on the day? And howe liueth ſtill and will doe long on the contrarie ſide the praiſe of M. Regulus amongeſt theſe heathens, becauſe he rather choſe to die a cruell death, than once to breake the faith he had truely plighted, and any way by fraude, ſubtiltie, and diſſembling treacherie to take the courſe that others did? But I ſtaie my ſelfe and aſſure you of this, that in all orations and ſpeeches, in all pleas, and actions, for and againſt any man amongſt them, honeſt plainenelſe was euer an argument of fauour and ſurcour, and holowe ſmo-

thing glaueríe a note of reprooch and an argument to perſwade the contrarie. Nowe therefore let vs gather vppe all theſe againe together, and if heathens hate it, Chriſtians loath it, and the God of life and death abhor it, what ſtrength ſhould anie cauſe in the earth haue to tempt you vnto it? May Frailtie, howe dare you for anie fauour or gaine vnder the ſunne oppoſe your practiſe to his allowance, whoſe diſliking killeth and caſteth into hell for euermore? Therefore I pray you, be warned, and wipe off that miſt of earthlie couetouſneſſe, and ambition, that bleareth your eyes, looke with an other ſight vppon theſe thinges, and be aſſured if the trueth of God be aſſured, that ſince honeſt hearts, and plaine dealing hath a bleſſing promiſed, the gains of flatterie, gloſing and halting, is not the beſt wealth, nor the beſt wiſedome. But his little is more, whoſe heart is pure, than mountaines of gouldе and all honored ſtate, that is crept vnto by deepe diſſembling, and ſo will the ende proue in them or theirs,

theirs, if God be God. For they are accursed, if the pure in heart be blessed, as I haue often nowe repeated. And iudge if the curse of God will want his effect at one time or other, at first or at last. But nowe if all this should not yet fully strengthen you (which God forbid) then procéede with the sentence in Matthewe, and ponder well the other part also of it. For they shall see God, (saith it.) What is this? But the Lorde shall reueile vnto them dayly more and more as a reward of their sincéritie and honest walking, his will, his mercie, his fauour, his comfortes, his ioyes prepared, and all his goodnesse in Iesus Christ towarde them. Which in déede is to sée God as man is able to sée him in this life, and therefore is called blessednesse, because the ende of such knowledge and sight is blessednesse, as woe and miserie is of the contrarie. Where by the way we are notablie taught what is necessarie in either man or woman that shall euer profite by reading or hearing the worde of God, namely a pure heart,

that is euen a syncere minde and vp-right purpose to learne of the Lorde and not to doe what they doe, either for one cause or other whatsoeuer beside; that a subtill minde can laie downe. Which woordes of Christ include a strong comfort to honest simplicitie, and as touching a terrour against smothing hypocrisie. For the one shall see God, the other shall neuer beholde him to their comfort, but all their reading, all their hearing, all their knowledge, if the Lord bestowe any, shalbe to death, and not to life: to woe, and not to wel: a sauour sending them bodie and soule to euerlasting miserie, as by necessarie consequence followeth of the place. Yet doe I not meane in all this, that a man should all be open to euerie one, and in euerie matter: for that were as great an extremitie the other way, and full of inconueniences. And I remember well what good counsell wise experienced Syrach giueth in this point: Namely, that we should not open our hearties to euerie one, least they be vnthankefull to

Syrac. 8. 19.

vs and put vs to reproofe. And in an o-
ther place, Be not too humble in thy wisedome. And I remember Chryso-
stome confesseth of himselfe without feare of blame for it, that he vsed a little subtiltie to make S. Basil accept his Bi-
shoprick and charge, which otherwise he would not. Therefore I say againe vnder the praise of honest simplicitie and puritie of heart, I doe not shrowde or bolster anie plaine foolishnes, and vn-
discréet séelinesse, but my speech tendeth to the pressing of that, euen to hell, if I can, which you Frailtie are tempted to: namely, to lie, flatter, cogge, halt, glose, sooth, smooth, crouch, créepe, sigh, sorow, fawne, and fall downe at ones féete, sweare and protest liking, loue, faith-
full seruice and friendshippe, and what not, that may allure for credite and fa-
uour, lucre, and gaine: when there is no more truth of good meaning in you, than is in the diuell, but onelie for your turne. This is that that I inueigh a-
gainst, and this is that God and all good mē haue euer hated as I haue pro-

13.9. De Sacerdo-
tio lib. 1.

ued. To carie two faces vnder an hode for commoditie, and mine owne safety. To serue God with lips and outwards shewe, because the law so presseth me, if I will liue in accompt, and inwardly to be a deepe dissembling hypocrite and a secret scoffer at his truth. To salute with a kisse the ministers of the worde, as Iudas did his Maister, and yet in hidden soule to abhorre them and their counsell as I doe a tode, and euery way to remaine a beastly man, vnreformed in worde, deede, and thought vtterly, and to care more in the verie trueth of my heart for one secret houre amongst my mates, where my thrice damnable desire and vnregenerated humor may be satisfied, than I doe for a thousand daies in anie minister or mans companie in the worlde, whose tongue rebuketh, countenaunce frowneth, or heart misliketh my sinne. To saie as Ioab saide with a fleering face, Howe doest thou my brother Amasa, And to stabbe him presently with his dagger, or as we saie commonly many an one of vs,

God

God giue you good morrowe sir, and so forth, when bitter gaule in a festred heart bideth the Diuell fetch you sir, and worse to, if I coulde tell howe. To prate and speake as a faithfull subiect, and yet to be a longing foe to worke a ruine, to my will. And what should I say: to ride and run, to watch and wait, and performe all duelies, as if I were the truest seruant that draweth breath, and yet is my heart onlie bent vpon my maisters preferments, and not one iote at all of faithfull dutie and affection in me to his person. This this abhominable and euen more than diuelish nature if more may be, is that I meane, and that the worlde so much liketh of, that you are tempted to Frailtie, and that Iesus Christ in this verse nowe named armeth his children and chosen againste. Wherefore my companion Frailtie, weigh my drift, and marke my prowes, consider what you desire, and by what meanes you incline to get your desire. You desire but the world (to speake in a worde) and for the worlde to lose your

soule

soule what againe is it? But if you take this course, you shall as certainely lose both bodie and soule, as you now liue and heare me, for it is cursed of the Lorde, and they that vse it shall neuer see God. His nature is all trueth, and simplicitie, and therefore what felowe-ship can euer he haue with a false glo-ser? But if you set the Lorde before your eies, hang vppon his mercie, and trust to his prouidence, dealing with all the world sincerely, honestly, plainely, and vprightly, bestowing not face, and formes, but euen all the loue, and dutie of your heart where it is due, be it to God or man, you heare the Lorde, you heare the Lorde I say that neuer lied, Blessed are the pure in hart, for they shal see God: you heare his seruant Dauid a-gaine, Blessed is that man in whose spirit there is no guile, no guile I say againe, and the Lord giue vs strength.

Against

Against discouragement from peacemaking, the seuenth temptation.

YOur next complaint is of slackenesse that crœpeth vpon you daily more and more in laboring to pacifie disagréeing neighbors, against which your conscience crieth, and indéede with cause: for it is a great offence, hatefull to God, and hurtfull to the common wealth in generall, and to manie a man in seuerall. But in the name of God, Frailtie, strengthen your selfe by an earnest consideration of the great excellencie of that Christian vertue of peace and vnitie, and fix not your eis so much vppon the acceptaunce of men, that haue euer had their corruptions and euer wil. The vertue you shall finde in verie high degrée commended vnto men by the holy scriptures of God in many places, and by manie arguments: but I will referre the noting

Scriptures teach vnitie.

and

and naming of them to your owne diligence, and content my selfe in a short speech with a verie fewe: Beginning first with that notable Psalme of the Prophet Dauid wholie spent in this matter. Where the first argument is

Psalm 133.

1. this: That which is good ought euer greatly to be regarded and maintained amongst men, but much more if it both be good & pleasant too, for these both do not euer concurre together. But such a thing is peace and loue amongest men. For beholde howe good and pleasant a thing it is brethren to dwell together in vnitie, behold I say and euen marke it earnestly. Therefore it ought to be regarded and maintened euer to the vttermost of our powers amongst vs. His

2. second argument is this, that which casteth a comfort from it like the precious ointment that was appointed for the priests of the Lorde Aaron and his successors, and euen such a comfort as that ointment hath when it is not sparingly dropped, but euen plentifully powred, and so plentifully as that it runneth

runneth down euen from the top of the head to the skirts of his clothing, that is a notable thing amongst men, and by all meanes to be retained and sought: but this is peace and vnitie, loue and agréement amongst them. Therefore to be regarded and maintained greatly.

His third argumẽt is this: That which being had is to men as the dew descending from the mountains to ỹ ground, and being wanting, is as the want of moisture to the earth, that is thrice nédefull, gainefull, and good to men: but such is vnitie, peace, and loue, euen like the dew of Hermon that fell vpon the hill of Sion. Therefore to be regarded and maintained greatly. His last, and not his least argument wherewith hée endeth both this matter and that Psalme withall, is this: That which pulleth vppon men euen all the temporall blessings of God, and life for euermore, that is a thousand times profitable both to them and theirs: but such (saith the prophet) is peace and vnitie, loue and agréement amongst men, 3. 4.

there-

therefore to be regarded and maintained greatly. Thus you se one mans iudgement, and that such a mans as had abundance of Gods most blessed spirite to direct his heart to thinke, and penne to write, and as in trueth was euerie waie then renowmed, and now remaineth by the Lord himselfe in high degrée aboue others commended to vs. Vnto whome if you adde some other Scriptures, you shall more peraduenture be cõfirmed with diuersitie, though this indéede were sufficient. Consider therefore also those often repetitions of Iohn 34. Christ in the gospell, My peace I giue to you, my peace I leaue with you, loue one an other, for this is my commandement, that you loue one an other as I haue loued you: and hereby shall men know, that you are my disciples, if you loue one an other, yea a new commandement I giue you, that you loue one an other. Would euer the Lorde Iesus haue thus gone ouer and ouer it againe, and iterated charge vpon charge in this order, if it had not bẽn a most excellent

vertue

vertue in euerie countrey, towne, and house, loue and agréement? Marke againe that most earnest exhortation of the Apostle Paule vnto the same in his epistle to the Ephesians, desiring them in his bondes for the Lordes cause that they would support one an other thorowe loue, indeuoring to keepe the vnitie of the spirite in the bonde of peace. And why? For there is one bodie and one spirite, one hope of calling, one Lorde, one faith, one baptisme, one God and father of all, &c. A most vehement and vrging reason if I should followe it and late it plainer open. And marke a multitude of other places to the same conclusion, which assuredly the Lorde would neuer haue vttered, but that the price of peace, vnitie and loue is verie precious in his eyes, and to all estates a most soueraigne good in the worlde. See also howe sensiblie thinges in nature caris vs to this consideration. For by experience we finde it, that if the heauens agrée to moysten the earth, and the earth being moysteEphes. 4.1.

Thinges in nature teach vnitie.

Hose. 2.22.

Deuter.28.32. ned to giue her increase, we are all the better for their vnitie, and if they should but euen a litle while either of them denie his office, quickly and greatly should we feele the smart of it also. Therefore iudge by this the fruite of good agréement. Againe if the humors in mens bodies be at an agréement, not one aboue an other, but verie equally as is best proportioned and mixed, all the whole bodie is comfortable, prospereth, and doth well: but if once any one aboundeth or wanteth, and their swéete harmonie is broken, then by and by the whole bodie feeleth it, and if a reconciliation be not made with conuenient spéede, it perisheth. Therefore iudge by this the fruit of good agréement. Againe if the members of the bodie well agrée to doe their seuerall duties, all is well: but if either eye denie to guide, foote to goe, hande to reach, stomacke to digest, or so forth, streight the whole bodie faileth to hurt. And therefore sée by this the fruite of good agréement. Last of all euen in musicall instrumentes marke howe

Euen in musicall

how well we like the noyse so long as e-uerie string doth keepe his iust proporti-on, & how presently we stop our eares from hearing, if any one be out of tune, twitched vp too high, or let downe too lowe, and all the musicke is marred. All which and manie moe in nature sounde vnto vs, and as they can deliuer it out that great is the fruite, com-fort, and good of peace and loue amongst men, and as great the euill, as odious the sight, if any one member in his own vaine conceite be twitched ouer high or negligently slacked ouer much, where-by that fit proportion is not kept, that euer soundeth & séemeth swéet. For then will followe assuredly ere the time bee long the proofe of Christ his speeche, A kingdome diuided in it selfe can neuer stande. And that other also of the Poet.

By concorde small to muche is brought,
And discorde great thinges brings to nought.

Upon al which then gather this con-clusiō, that if this great vertue of peace

and loue be to the Lorde himselfe so acceptable, and to all estates in the worlde so profitable, must it not néedes be in it selfe, howsoeuer the worlde accepteth it, a most singular thing, and a most deserued praise to a man to be a peacemaker amongest men? Certainelie it must. But we nede not to gather it by conclusion. For the Lorde Christ himselfe hath saide it in the same 5. of Matthewe, as preparing strength before hande for this verie same temptation, that nowe you féele, That blessed are the peacemakers, for they shall be called the children of God. And neuer, as I haue nowe often saide, doeth he set a blessing vppon the heade of anie thing, but the same in it nature, and before his maiestie is a worthie thing. Wherefore this place shoulde bee to you euen a thousande argumentes to confirme your obedience in so Christian a duetie, as peacemaking is, and a thousande spurres to pricke you dailie to it when opportunitie is offered, and occasion giuen to the same. For Frail-

tie,

tie, what can you resolue this speach of Christ into, if you marke it wel, but into this sense: As if he should haue saide to his disciples in this order: I knowe the manifolde discomfortes that shall bee giuen to all men, and especiallie to you ministers in that duetie of peace-making, which yet both belongeth to al men, and especially to your calling, notwithstanding euer to indeuour so farre as power shall serue. And therefore least hereafter, when it shall so fall out, either you or anie other should be tempted through mens vnthankefulnesse, to the giuing ouer of that so thrise needeful a thing, I forewarne you here before hande, and euen giue you in charge as I am your Lorde and maister, that you neuer regarde, cleaue, and sticke in the acceptaunce or thankefulnesse of men for your paines, and trauell, in this matter. For if you doe, you shall be discouraged. But euer looke you vppe to heauen, what is there thought of it, and to the better sort of the worlde also, whome the Lorde hath giuen eyes to

discerne good things with al. And whatsoeuer you finde at mens handes for so godlie a labour, you shall well knowe it, finde it, and feele it, that with the Lorde in heauen blessed for euer shall bee the peacemakers, and both of him and his true children heere in earth, that knowe what is what, they shall be counted, taken, and acknowledged for the sonnes of almightie God, that shall liue with their Father for euermore. Which is inough Frailtie, if there be either touch or taste, or anie feeling in the worlde in vs, to staie vs for euer in this dutie, be the peruersenesse of men neuer so much. For what can we desire more than to haue our doinges accepted of the Lorde, and our selues assured of euerlasting rewarde at his handes for men? Let men be mad and mad againe, let their crooked affections worke and writhe them whither they can, and euen all vnthankefull speeches burst from them against vs for our good will, that may be imagined, my God is pleased, shoulde a Christian heart

thinke,

thinke, with my indeuour, and his acceptaunce is my satisfaction, his content is my rest, and a sufficient requitall of all my paines. Otherwise Frailtie, I pray you euen earnestlie consider it: What loue of God is that in vs, that the loue of man driueth out of vs, what care to please him is that, that mens displeasure quencheth? Fie, fie, it is too grosse, and ten thousand wonders may it be, that euer anie of vs can sléepe with this imagination, that wee loue God aboue all, and yet in such thinges as by name are commaunded and by promises commended to vs, wholie guide our obedience according to mens acceptance or not acceptance, liking, or misliking. Wherefore on still Frailtie, with this dutie and indeuor to reconcile disagréeing mindes in the name of God, and were the bitter gaule, the spitefull péeuishnesse and all the vnthankfulnesse of the Diuell and his whole hoast in euerie man and woman you deale withall, yet haue you comfort inough if either the Lords acceptance can content

you, or your owne promised rewarde and blessing please you, or good accompt to bee one that God hath chosen for his childe, with the better sort of the worlde comfort you. Nowe by the way of a little digression, in hope I doe not wearie you, I would also wish you a little to consider that if this peace and agreement amongest neighbours in towne or countrie be such, and so sweet in the sense of the Lorde, as that euen the preseruers of it, and restorers, when it is broken are so heartily blessed, and accompted for it the sonnes of God, must it not needes followe that those thinges likewise are in high accompt before his maiestie, which being in men and women doe most mightilie maintaine this blessed vertue in all and euerie societie vnder heauen? Surely it must needes followe. And what are they? Manie and diuerse are they if one should make a curious recitall, but for my part when I marke the course of thinges, and the causes of good agreement in anie place, I thinke but euen especiallie of these

three

thrée. First a patient and méeke nature in our selues able to beare and tolerate something, without mounting into the house top immediatly, and flashing out all on fire by and by vppon the sight or hearing of it. Secondly, a wel iudging heart of others, till wée be certaine of the contrarie. And lastly, a good tongue. Must not I say (if peace be so pleasing to the Lorde) these things also be pretious in his eies, which all the worlde knoweth to be nourishing nurses of the same whersoeuer they are: If peacemaking pull a blessing vppon vs, as the Lorde liueth these so great preseruers of peace shal haue a happy reward. And if this be true, then on the other side againe the contrarie vices for their contrarie effect must néeds be as loathsome, hatefull and accursed: Namely, an impatient, hastie, fierce, frowarde, furious nature, ý is as short as mosse, that hath neuer fought withall, and foiled anie affection, but cleauing still in pure naturalles, is vnregenerated and euer casteth out the sauour of old Adam

vpon euerie occasion be it but a trifle. Secondly, a suspicious misdéeming mind of euerie bodie, that they say thus of vs, worke this against vs, or at least thinke thus of vs, when in trueth it is nothing so. O poison of peace in anie kingdome, countrie, towne, house, or person liuing in the worlde, this misdéeming minde. And to a mans selfe there is no more twitching tormẽt vnder the son. For it is euen a worme that is euer gnawing and euer biting, and can neuer be contented. Lastly, an euill tongue, a peaceles tongue, that can neuer be quiet from prittle prattle, from scanning this neighbours wealth, that neighbours wit, this mans doings, and that mans sayings, and from coursing euen the whole country ouer, til al men haue béene within the spéech of our tongues, drawen out of vs by the power peraduenture of a pot too much, or such a like influence. Must not these things I say, and the owners of them be accursed, as sure as they liue, if peace and loue and good agréement amongst men

be

be of the Lorde blessed? They must, they must Frailtie. For all the world knoweth the venome of these things in anie towne, and their mightie working against vnitie, and therfore I praie you, and I praie you heartily consider of it, and cast euen a long loke vppon them, such an one as we doe when we would marke a thing indeede, and beare it away: And I doubt not but God shall giue you strength against your temptation. There is no one thing so great a nurse of two of them, namely, of a mistaeming mind, & a prating tongue, as idlenes is, when a man hath nothing to doe, and to applie himselfe vnto, but to sitte on a bulke in the streete, or bench in a tauerne, or an ale house, and to wet his tongue with drinke, and drie it with talking, or when a woman hath no setled gouernment of her selfe in house, but is in the number of those that the Apostle Paul speaketh of, which beeing idle learne to goe about from house to house. Yea, they are not onely idle, but also pratlers and busie bodies, 1. Tim. 5. 13.

ſpeaking things which are not comelie. Therefore whoſoeuer wil be a preſeruer of peace, he muſt be an enimie to theſe curſes aſſuredly, and beare more with two eares, than he ſpeaketh with one tongue. But I weary you with this digreſſiõ, which is longer than I meant, and therefore I cut it off, againe and againe requiring of you, that you neuer hang vpon the accompt of men in anie thing, that euer you goe about being commaunded by the expreſſe worde of God, but fullie ſuffice your ſelfe with the acceptance of God, and that which you haue here an aſſurãce of, if you be a peacemaker. Bleſſed ſhall you be, and euer accounted both with God and his true children the ſon of God. And if this wil not cõtent you, quicken you, ſtrengthen and ſtay you in this vertue, but that worldlie ingratitude ſhall quench you, and drawe you to ſuch extremitie as you ſpake of, certainely Frailtie you deceiue your ſelfe, there is no true godlineſſe in you, but euen your name is too gentle for your nature, you are

become

become plaine infidelitie. But I hope the best, and perfo3me you no leſſe, if you regarde your owne comfo3t. Sufficient is this yet once againe, if you be the Lo3ds, Bleſſed are the peacemakers, for they ſhall be called the children of God.

The eight Temptation.

Frailtie.

ONce more woulde I trouble you *Faith*, if I might before we end, & it is in this, I feare my nature if perſecution ſhoulde ariſe for religion. And what ſhoulde I doe to obtaine ſtrength?

Faith.

There are maine treatiſes of this point, godlie, and comfo3table where-vnto fo3 larger diſcourſe I referre you and wiſh you to peruſe them. Fo3 mine owne part whenſoeuer I thinke of this mat-

matter, these and such other considerations séeme most swéet vnto me as yet: Further trial shal giue further assault, but God will be euer good to Israel. First it is ratified, decréede, and established by the Lorde our God that through manie tribulations wée must enter into the kingdome of heauen. And therefore since it must be so, so be it in the name of God, & be it vnto vs, as it pleaseth him: necessarie things are to be borne necessarily and with chéere. For in vaine doe we grudge to doe what wée must néedes doe, or grieue to beare what we must néedes beare. Heathens and Pagans haue made a comfort of necessitie, and shoulde Christians in better cause bewray more weakenesse? No, God forbid. But let it euer be our speech rather than theirs in such matters as our God sendeth and laieth vppon vs, *Ferenda quæcunque sunt*. They are welcome what soeuer they be. Secondly, this decrée & course that the Lord hath laid down for his children, thus to kéepe, procéedeth not of anger and displeasure, or of a

Acts 14.

minde

minde delighting in our woe, and séeking to punish vs, but of great loue and most fatherly affection toward vs, and in déede wonderfully worketh our better being, and therefore tenne thousand times welcome shoulde this good will of his be to vs, and very farre from shaking vs from the true profession of his name, and trueth. For his affection, we heare his owne mouth speake it, that whome he loueth, he rebuketh and chastneth, many a time repeating the same that we might remember it. And for the other we sée it, and knowe it by the proofe of euery daies experience. For what maketh vs sée the gaule of Sathans heart towarde vs, and euen our euerlasting ouerthrowe sworne of him by his diuelhod, if by anie meanes hée can worke it, to the ende we may perfectly hate so perfect a foe, and yet so faining a friend? The crosse. What rowseth vs out of dull securitie, and colde conceit of our owne wantes or the necessitie of Gods protection and succour, and maketh not only our tongues Apoc. 4.

to

to speake, but the fire to kindle and burne within vs, and so our prayers to haue spirite and power before the Lorde? The Crosse. What killeth this intemperancis of our affections, and this blustring impaciencis of our natures, and maketh vs meeke, milde, humble, gentle, and like lambes, not lyons, appointed to the slaughter? The crosse. What worketh the decaie euen of the whole olde Adam in vs with all his lustes, concupiscence, and venome, and daily raiseth vp, as a meanes, the newe man with al his sweete motions, heauenly and reformed actions? The Crosse. What maketh vs spitte in the face of this flattering worlde, whose loue causeth losse both of body and soule in the worlde to come, and to be content to part with her paps, and to bid al her pleasures adue? The crosse. Lastly, what maketh vs teare our bellies from the earth whereto they cleaue so fast, and lift vp our heades to heauen, long for the life that lasteth, and desire heartily to be clothed with our house

which

which is frō aboue? The crosse. Wherefore then since it is decréed, and that in loue to our so great god, that all which will liue godlie in Jesus Christ must suffer persecution, what cause haue we, would the Lorde vouchsafe vs eyes, with the crosse to be discouraged and driuen from the Lorde? Thirdly it neuer happeneth to vs by fortune and chance, or by ignorance in our God, or inabilitie to let it, if it pleased him, but by his knowledge, by his will, and by his hande, and he is our father, bounde vnto vs in league and couenant of loue, that of his part shall neuer be broken while wee hang of him. The mother may forget her childe that is her flesh before he can forget vs, and aswell can a man suffer the apple of his eye to be pricked, as he vs to be hurt, if we cleaue to him: then iudge if his crosse shoulde euer dismaie vs. Fourthly it is no strange thing or vnhearde of, or vnséene before, that befalleth to vs when we are persecuted, but such as all our brethren haue tasted, founde, and felt before vs, and why then

shoulo we faint when we drinke but of the same cuppe that the deerest saintes and soules nowe blessed with the Lorde, haue begunne to vs in: Cast your eyes about, & see the course of times although I knowe you knowe it well ynough. Beganne not Abell vnto vs in this cup and course, assone as euer the Lord bewrayed his loue vnto him, before his brother? Followed not the Patriarkes, and Prophetes, men and women, olde and young, in their times, and measures euen till Christ came? Then was it not the cuppe that his owne selfe beganne to his children in, and the baptisme wherewith he was baptized? Followed not his disciples sent out into the world as sheepe amongst wolues, whipped and beaten, checked and snubbed, imprisoned and cheyned, &c. Followed not againe after them those thousandes of his children vnder the primitiue persecution, some scalded, some burned, some broyled, some hanged, some headed some throwne downe from the rocks vpon stakes, some stabbed in with forkes,

some

header_navmans frailtie and faith. 119

some racked and torne in peeces, their tongues cut out, their eyes bored out, their flesh twitched off with pinsons, womens breastes seared off with hoat yrons, pricked vnder the nayles with needles, and a thousande waies tormented: Yea was it not euer true with the godly, *In hoc vocati estis*: For this ende were yee called? And good Lorde then why should not a common case be a common comforte? Why should any man or woman that loueth God seeke or wishe a priuiledge aboue all the children of God, that euer were and euen aboue the sonne of God himselfe Christ Jesus? Is it not honor ynough, mercy ynough, and fauour ynough to be dealt withall, as they were? Therefore the communitie of it to vs with all our brethren and sisters, and euen with our eldest brother Christ Jesus, should stay our hearts whensoeuer it pleaseth the Lord to sende it. Fiftly the cause being not ours, but the Lorde our Gods, and gods, should also confirme vs. The short time that it can indure, were it (suppose) as

footer_navI 2 long

long as we liue should comfort vs. For our life is but a flower, as grasse, as smoke, as a bubble of the water, and as the vainest fickle fading thing that you can imagine. Againe that passed promise from the Lorde of life and trueth, sealed with the blood of his owne sonne vnto vs; the sweetenesse whereof all the tongues of men and Angels can neuer expresse; That hee will neuer lay more vppon vs than hee will make vs able to beare, should be like a thousande staies rounde about vs to houlde vs vp. The promises of peace, comfort, and quiet, for euermore aboue measure and conceipt of men in heauen, if we continue faithfull to the end, should houlde vs vp. That sentence passed in the Lords court of bastardie and consequently of deprivation of all inheritance, if we be without correction, should houlde vs vp. And what should I goe any further? The examples of our brethren of al ratings, of all ages, men and women, that haue constantly caried their crosse, and neuer delinered it vp, till they deliuered soule

and

and all to their God, should hould vs vp. Wherefore Frailtie, euen as Iudas the Machabee could incourage his men not to feare the multitude of their enemies, neither to be afraid of their assault but to remember howe their fathers were deliuered in the redde sea when Pharaoh pursued after them, so say I to you and to my selfe, let vs neuer feare affliction nor the euill day, for our momentanie crosse causeth an euerlasting weight of glorie. But let vs remember the firme faith of our fathers, of our mothers, of our brethren, and friendes, let vs loke vpon their paciencie, vppon their constancie, their hope, & beseech the liuing God we may followe their good steppes, and staie in strength vppon his mercy, whatsoeuer he sendeth vs, knowing it, as we know we liue, that though our braines cleaue to the wales, though our bones be strowed in the stretes, and our blood runne downe euerie chanell, yet shall we rise againe, restored by the power of our God, be gathered into his barne as his pure wheate, our

bloud reuenged, we crowned, and our tongues sounde the praise of him that sitteth vpon the throne with maiestie and honour aboue all concept of anie earthly heart.

Frailtie.

O but *Faith*, the worlde will giue such a spitefull censure of a man or womans life, religion, honestie, wisedome, and such like, as that it is euen a hell to heare them, when the Lorde doth exercise vs. For it was euer, and I thinke euer will be the concept of flesh and bloude, that a good man and woman truely religious, truely honest, and sufficiently wise, cannot bee so plagued, as they tearme it, of God at anie time, and therefore the crosse must needes testifie to the worlde a want in all these.

Faith.

It is most certaine and daily found what you say, yet is there nothing vnder heauen more absurde than that opinion. For loued not God Abell, Abraham,

It is most

ham, Isaak, and Iacob, loued he not his Prophets, loued he not his owne sonne and all that followed his steppes to this day? Were none of them of a true religion, of an honest life, and wise ynough to take that course in the worlde that God allowed? Yet all of them plagued be as they call it. And neuer any further humbled in this world than Christ himselfe, and therefore prosperitie or aduersitie may not be taken for signes euer of fauour or displeasure. But the worst man most quiet often in this worlde, and most honored, loued, promoted, and renowned, his deserued torment being deferred to an other day, and the truest christian most troubled, tossed, reiected, and humbled, his comfort and reward remaining for him in an other worlde. But beside all this plaine demonstration of a tried trueth, vse with your selfe Frailtie to oppose against that concept of the worlde, the sentence of the Lorde our God next following, in the fifth of Matthewe, after those that nowe haue biene considered

of, Blessed are they that suffer persecution for righteousnesse sake, for theirs is the kingdome of heauen. And thinke with your selfe as I haue nowe often sayde, that if our God set a blessing vpon it, what skilleth it what the whole worlde, and ten thousande worldes more if they were extant, doth iudge? Shall the voice of man be the guide of our course, and the line of our life? Shall mans iudgement or Gods iudgement stande in the later day? O Frailtie, we may not hang vppon so broken a reede as fleshly and fleshlie wit is. Wee may not be lifted vp with mans liking, vnlesse it haue further warrant: nor cast downe with his disliking, vnlesse wee knowe hee so deemeth iustly. And therefore againe I say consider of this comfort. Consider of this worlde, and consider of the world to come, the one is transitorie, the other permanent: the one full of woe and secret sorowe in the verie middest of pompe, the other ful of ioy, comfort and solace, and that without all ending. Then, whether is here

god to be happie, and there vnhappie, here iudged miserable, and there founde most blessed, iudge your selfe euen with verie reason. Certainly therefore it is a comfort sufficient, so knowne to be by Christ that gaue it, and euer hath and shall comfort the children of god against worldly conceit, blessed are they that for a good cause suffer persecution, for theirs is the kingdome of heauen. That is, all comfort possible to be thought of, and tenne thousand times more. This was Paules comfort in the middest of all his miserie, and therefore he boldly and chéerefully saith, he neuer counted the afflictions of the world worthie the ioy that should be reuealed. This comforted Dauid also, that he perished not in his affliction, as himself witnesseth, and as that spéech by comparisō may shew, I should vtterly haue fainted, but that I beleeue verily to see the Lorde in the lande of the liuing. And (what should I name them) this euer hath comforted first, or last, lesse, or more, yet euer sufficiently anie that were the Lords. But

Psalme 119.

Psalme 27.

ſée further how not onelie thus in generalitie againſt perſecution it pleaſed Chriſt to ſtrengthen our weakenes, but euen in ſpecialitie alſo againſt thoſe kinds which moſt bitterly taſt vnto vs, and ſhake vs ſore, if we be not ſtrong, to wit, reproch, and repoꝛt. For, Bleſſed are you (ſaith he) when men reuile you, and ſhall falſely ſay all manner of euill ſaying by you, for my name ſake, reioice and be glad, for great is your reward in heauen, a ſaying neuer to be forgotten of vs whileſt the life is in vs. For, the gaule of theſe Croſſes is not little, and the power of this aſſault hath appeared not as féeble in great Prophets and members of the Church. The verie words alſo of Chriſt his comfort inſinuate a ſecrete force aboue manie others of this temptation. For hée biddeth them reioice, and promiſeth great reward in heauen, as foreſéeing a great downefall both of heart and countenance in man, when he is once touched either with reuiling ſpéeches, to his face, or falſe repoꝛtes behinde his backe.

backe. Wherfore to conclude and leaue you nowe to your other readings of this matter, I praie you Frailtie open your eies, or rather desire the Lorde to open them, that you may both nowe in the day of peace, and whensoeuer also it shall please the Lorde further to trie you, sée with your eie, heare with your eare, and beléeue with your heart your offered comfort in the worde, both against al other, and against this temptatiõ by name of persecutiõ. The word teacheth, and we knowe it is decréede by the Lord to be the lotte of his déere ones euer in this worlde, and therefore welcome be it. The worde teacheth it, and we knowe it, much good is wrought in vs by it, & therefore welcome be it. The worde teacheth it, and we knowe it, no chance nor fortune, but the will of our heauenly father laieth it vpon vs, and therefore welcome be it. We knowe it is no new thing, or vnséene before, but the old portion of the godly that haue euer béen before vs, & therefore welcome be it. The cause is not ours whē it is a truth

truth, but his, that made vs, and there-
fore welcome be it. We haue a pro-
mise wee shall not be oppressed with
more than we may beare, and therefore
welcome be it. Wee knowe wee are
children, if as children we be corrected,
and therefore welcome be it. Wee are
told we are bastards, if we be without it
and therefore welcome be it. And all
our forefathers haue patiently carried
it, and nowe are rewarded, therefore
welcome be it. Welcom I say the crosse
in generall, and persecution for truth
all or part, as it pleaseth God, and wel-
come in particular this kinde of crosse,
if so our God will, reuilings, repro-
ings, reportings false and vniust. For
we knowe our case, the plea is ended,
and sentence is giuen neuer to be reuo-
ked, blessed are we, good cause wee haue
to reioice and be glad, for great is our
reward in heauen. O the God of hea-
uen and father of mercy strengthen vs,
that these sweete promises may pre-
uaile with vs, and that our eies may
see the comforte of his worde. What

should

should feare vs Frailtie, that haue such a God, and that stande in such a state? I pray you loke vp, and clasp your God in your armes, embrace his mercie, beleeue his truth, and as you liue, though you be afflicted on euerie side, yet shall you not be in distresse: though you be in doubt, yet shal you not dispaire: though you be persecuted, yet shall you not be forsaken: though you be casse downe, yet shall you not perish: and though euerie where you beare about in your bodie, the dying of the Lord Iesus, yet shall the life of Iesus appeare in your body, and there is neither life nor death, Angelles, Principalities, nor powers, things present, or to come, height or depth, or anie other creature, that euer shall bee able to separate you from the loue of God which is in Christ Iesus.

Frailtie.

The Lorde chaunge me and I shall be chaunged, and greatly both ought I, and doe I thanke you *Faith* for this conference, beseeching you still to praie for me, as for one whose name and nature

you

you knowe but too well. I can promise nothing, but seeing what I woulde doe I leaue my selfe to his mercie that is able to make me doe both what I ought, and would doe. And so the Lorde keepe vs both.

Faith.

Amen Frailtie, Amen. And the Lord giue vs eies to see what it is to haue a true heart to God, and to imbrace true religion. Is it not to stand in possession of all these heauenlie promises & whatsoeuer befalleth to vs in this worlde, to be happie and blessed in it, and by it? Be it pouertie, be it sorrowe, be it oppression or whatsoeuer? And contrariwise, what it also is to be of a prophane heart, & of an vncircumcised life. Surely euen to stand as depriued of all these comfortes, and if we be prie to be also accursed in our pouertie, in our sorow, and whatsoeuer befalleth vnto vs grieuous in this worlde. The Lorde I saie giue vs eies to see it, and harts to thinke of it. For, full well wee knowe that were euerie one of vs a Monarch of a whole worlde by himselfe, they beeing as

as this world is, the glorie both of them and vs must passe away like a shippe in the water, whose tract cannot be seene againe, like an arrow through the aire, or a weauers shuttle through his work, like a fading flower, soudenlie plucked vp and withered, like grasse, like smoke, and like the bubble of the water. We shall be forgotten with all our pompe, as the trauailer is that tarrieth but a night, our honour shall come to an ende as the players part vpon the stage, our doinges, sayinges, lookes, gestures, states, and maiesties shall be rolled vp as a scroule, and cast into the office of forgetfulnesse, where nothing can bee founde againe. And then what remaineth? I say what remaineth? any thing but woe and wormes, if we haue contemned religion and liued disobediently against the Lorde? anie thing but vexation and torment both of the bodie and soule in hell fire? Will then swearing be liked, or drunkennesse, or whoring, or tipling, & tauerning, sporting in vanity, lasciuious talking, writing, or looking, carding, and dising, roisting and rouing,

pride,

pride, and excesse, or anie kinde of sinne detested of the Lorde? Will then a dissembling time-seruer not be vncased? Will then an vniust seruant not be found out? Will then an vnfaithfull wife not be discouered? or a beastlie furious, franticke husbande, not be rewarded? Will then anie thing abide the face that commeth in the cloudes with thousandes of Angels, but onelie a religious heart, and soule, that hath laboured to know, and indeuored to liue, trusting onelie to the mercie of God in Christ for all wantes to be pardoned? Alas we knowe it, euen as we knowe we liue, it will not: but destruction and death shal then be to the man or woman for euer that lewdly hath liued in this world: and comfort endlesse to the contrarie. Therfore once againe I saie, the Lorde giue vs eies to discrie betimes the reward and ende of true religion, and of a reformed mind and life in that day, euen for his Christes sake our blessed Lord and Sauiour. Amen.

FINIS.

¶ A prayer for a familie in the Morning.

Most gratious God & louing Father, the verie comfort that anie sinfull soule can haue, when we miserable sinners here met together, do consider of the great mercy & godnes, that we haue euer since we were borne, and before founde, and dayly do finde at thy Maiesties handes, together with our great vnkindnes shewed euerie way to thée again for ỹ same, we must néedes confesse, and euen doe from the bottome of our heartes acknowledge, that maruellous is thy mercie in sparing vs still to liue, and in not consuming vs away from the earth, & from before thée. For hast not thou, O déere God, of thy frée mercy before ỹ foundations of the world were laide, chosen and elected vs for thy children, when others as good as we by nature shall burne in hell eternally, being reiected of thée in that hidden counsell of thine? hast not thou to our endles

comfort certified and made known vnto our spirits the same: Hast thou not created vs neither beastes, todes, wormes, or any such like ouglie creatures, but in thine own image, according to thy likenesse, to rule ouer the fishes in the sea, ouer the foules of heauen, and ouer euerie thing that mooueth vppon the earth? And when being thus created innocēt, yet we persisted not in the same, but fell into the curse that bringeth eternall death, didst thou not so pitie vs, as that for our redemption and saftie, thou grudgest not vnto vs, and for vs to bée powred out the heart bloud of Iesus Christ thy onelie son our sauiour, no other meanes being, whereby we coulde be saued: Hast thou not by thy holie spirit wrought faith in our heartes to beléeue by him, and for him to be iustified before thée: Hast thou not in some measure begunne the death of sinne in vs, and wrought our sanctification: Enioie we not the benefites of thy worde, the freedome of conscience, great peace and plentie in outward things, with ma-

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nie and infinite benefites moe, waking and sleeping at home and abroad, in our selues and our friendes: For all which, O good Lorde, what doe wee? Are we thankefull vnto thee for them? Doe we often thinke of them, and labour to knowe thee and to serue thee with a perfect heart, and a willing mind for them? No, no, deere God, we do not, we doe not as we ought to doe. But with pleasure or profite, with vanitie or selfe loue, we are carried away, spende our dayes in iniquitie, careleslie and vnfeeling of our sinne, and there is no godnesse in vs: yet is there mercie with thee, O Lord, and pardon to repentance. Wherefore we all heere met together at this time before thy maiestie, humblie confessing our wantes, most intirelie beseech thee for Iesus Christ his sake to haue mercie vppon vs: haue mercie vppon vs, most mercifull Father, and forgiue vs all that is past, strengthen vs hereafter, that dailie both in bodie and soule, we may glorifie thee more than we haue done, yelding thankes daily for daylie

benefites, and ſtriuing in holineſſe and righteouſneſſe all the dayes of our life. But becauſe we cannot but offend and fall diuers wayes, good Lorde, for thy mercie ſake pearce our heartes with a feeling of the ſame, and neuer ſuffer vs to goe on with dull and dead ſoules, not ſeeing or ſighing for our offences. As a ſpeciall meanes to keepe vs in obedience before thee, O deere Father, worke in vs a continuall, & an effectuall remembrance, that wee ſhall not alwayes liue heere in the ſhewe of this wretched worlde, that doeth ſo pleaſe vs now, but that a day will come, when the trumpe ſhall ſounde, the dead ſhall ariſe, and all wee ſhall appeare before thy tribunall ſeate of iudgement, there to receiue according to our deedes without reſpect of perſons. O good Lorde giue vs a remembrance, and a feeling of the vnſpeakeable comfort, and eternall weight of glorie, which in that day ſhall be giuen vnto vs, if in this life we ſerue and pleaſe thee. And contrariwiſe euen terrifie our conſciences and let vs

as

as it were ſée before our faces, the dread-full iudgementes, and the fearefull tor-mentes, that both in body and ſoule they ſhal be ſure to haue for euer more in the pitte of hell, which in this life doe not ſerue and pleaſe thée, but followe their owne fancies and wicked delights. Giue vs an hatred of ſinne, and a true loue of righteouſneſſe. Bleſſe thy worde euer more with fruite vnto our ſoules when we doe heare it, giue vs a deſire to heare it often. Remoue, O Lorde in thy good time, ſuch hinderances of the fruit thereof, as are amongſt vs, giue it full courſe, and ſende forth labourers into thy harueſt, which not for filthie lucre and gaine, but of loue and zeale to thée and thy people may preach thy worde ſincerely. Bleſſe vs O Lorde from all hypocriſie, gloſing and halting before thée. And becauſe we little know how ſone thou ſhalt ſende this pampered fleſh of ours to the wormes, ſtoppe our breath and call away for our ſoules to come vnto thée, whether this day or no before the euening, bleſſed Father, for

Jesus Christ his sake, prepare & make vs readie for thée, that when the houer commeth, we may neither feare, nor faint in faith, but ioyfully, without anie skrikes and cries of desperation, and of a troubled and vexed conscience, passe away in full hope and assurance, that all our sinnes are wiped away in the blood of Jesus Christ, and we to thée in him so reconciled, that life for euermore is certaine vnto vs. Last of all good father with most humble and hartie thankes for thy goodnes to vs this night let thy mercifull eye looke vpon vs this day, and so keepe vs bodie and soule, that being occupied in our seuerall callinges we may be safe by thée from al our enemies & liue to thée, or die to thée, as it best shal please thy gratious goodnes. These thinges O Lorde, and whatsoeuer else we haue néede of, graunt vs, for Christ his sake, in whose name we aske them, saying, as he hath taught vs:

OVr Father which art in heauen, hallowed be thy name, thy kingdome come,

come, thy will be done in earth as it is in heauen, giue vs this day our dailie bread, and forgiue vs our trespasses, as we forgiue them that trespasse against vs, and lead vs not into temptation, but deliuer vs from euill, Amen.

Let thy mightie hand & out stretched arme O Lorde be still our defence, thy mercy & louing kindnes in Iesus Christ our saluation, thy true and holy worde our instruction, thy grace and holy spirite our comfort and consolation vnto the ende, and in the end. Amen.

The Lorde blesse vs and saue vs, the Lord make his face to shine vpon vs and be mercifull vnto vs, the Lorde turne his fauourable countenance towarde vs, and this day and euermore vouchsafe to sende vs his peace, Amen.

The blessing of God almightie, the father, the sonne, and the holie Ghost, be amongst vs and remaine with vs both nowe and for euer, Amen.

An

¶ An other for the same at night.

O Immortall God creatour of heauen and earth, before whome all creatures feare and tremble, were it not that thou hast commaunded vs, neuer durst we appeare before thée, so corrupt is our nature, and so manie are our sinnes. But good Lorde thou doest bid, and therefore we obey: thou doest call, and therefore we come, giue vs spirites to pray aright. First then héere met together déere father, we yéelde thy maiestie most humble and hartie thankes, for all the mercies that euer thou hast bestowed vpon vs, in bodie or minde, in our selues or in ours, priuate or common, temporall or eternall. Manie and meruelous haue they béene, and still are vpon vs, yea euen good Lorde past finding out. This day what thou hast done for vs, which of vs knoweth or is able to expresse? Father

ther of heauen forgiue vs that wée can-
not acknowledge them or praise thée for
them as we ought, and quicken vs in
this duety more and more. Pardon and
forgiue vs whatsoeuer wée haue offen-
ded thée withal this date, or euer before,
either in thought, worde, or déede, yea
euen our secret sinnes, such as we haue
committed and knowe not of, remit
them vnto vs for Christs sake. Change
vs O Lorde, and wee shal be changed.
Create in vs cleane hearts, and renew
a right spirite within vs. Breake the
strength of sinne, that would subdue vs,
more and more. And O mercifull fa-
ther, so frame these harts of ours with-
in vs, that we may more delight to line
according to thy will, than to enioy all
the worlde, and all the pleasures there-
in. Laie it often good Lorde before our
eies by thy remembring spirite, that
thou hast not breathed the breath of life
into vs, that we should line as wée liſt,
but that in holinesse and righteousnesse
wée shoulde walke before thée all our
dates. Laie it before vs O Lorde, that

the time will come when the trumpe shall sounde, the dead shall rise, and we, euen wee here mette together at this time, all and euerie one of vs shall moste assuredly stand before thy iudgement seate with naked hearts, with open and vnfolded consciences, there to giue an accompt howe wee haue so done. In which daie, O the ioie, O the endlesse ioie that they shall haue, who wayning themselues from the glistering shew of this wretched world, in heart & trueth, haue sought & serued thee. Come, come, ye blessed of my father, to their comfort shal they heare, & possesse the kingdom prepared for you. But woe, woe to all carelesse liuers in that fierie daie, they shall drinke the wine of the wrath of God, be tormented in fire and brimstone before the holie Angels, and before the lambe, they shall haue no rest daie nor night, and the smoke of their torment shall ascende for euermore. Father of heauen haue mercie vpon vs, knit these hearts of ours fast vnto thee, and now, whil we haue time, giue vs grace right-

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ly to thinke of these things. O continue thy worde of truth amongest vs euer to our comfort. Let the seede thereof nowe sowen in our hearts, take such deepe rote, that neither the burning heat of persecution cause it to wither, nor the thornie cares of this worlde, riches, or voluptuous living choke it, but as seede sowen in good grounde, it may bring forth fruite according to thy pleasure. O father giue grace that whē we heare, or finde by thy word anie sinne that is in vs touched, we maie striue and study without delay willingly to reforme it. Keepe vs good God ỹ wee nsuer swarue for the feare of man from our own true knowledge, becōming seruers of time, and deniers of thee. Keepe vs from all hardnes of hart, contempt of thy word, and from all dissembling of sinceritie, increase true loue amongst vs more and more, stay our heady wrathful and wicked affections more and more. And euerie waie good Lorde renew vs to thy liking. Bless thy whole Church O God with graces necessarie, this parcel

of

of it our native land and countrey, déere father bleſſe it ſtill with continuance of thy truth. Leſſen in it daily the number of blinde and wilfull Papiſts, prophane Atheiſts, & increaſe the number of thy true children. O preſſe vs not déere God with the weight of our ingratitude, whoſe liues and knowledge anſweare not the daies that we haue had: worke with vs hence forward for thy mercies ſake. Preſerue vnto vs long aliue good Lord our gracious prince & gouernour, multiplie thy ſpirite vpon her, that ſtill more and more ſhe may ſéeke and ſette out, keepe and maintaine that which pleaſeth thée. Giue to her honourable counſell graces neceſſarie for ſo high a calling. Bleſſe all other Nobles, Magiſtrates, and the whole bodie of this realme, with true hearts to thée, and this country. Increaſe in Iſrael the number of true watchmen, whoſe harts may ſéeke thée and thy people, and not their owne glorie or commoditie. Bring to thy folde by them ſuch wandring remnants as are thine, and O Lorde be gracious

gracious to our kinred and friendes in the flesh, lighten their heartes with the sunne of vnderstanding, that they and we acknowledging one truth, may glorify thée in the true and constant profession of the same all the daies of our life. Comfort O Christ thy afflicted members whersoeuer or howsoeuer troubled, and graunt vs peace, if it be thy pleasure, in our daies. Finally, because the night is now vpon vs, and we readie to take our rest, let the bed O Lord strike into our hearts that the graue is almost readie for vs. Which of vs can tell, whether these eies of ours once closed vp shall euer open anie more againe, or no: Lorde therefore receiue vs into thy handes: wée all here now commend our selues, bodie and soul we bequeath vnto thée, kéepe vs this night and euermore ready for thée, when thou shalt call for vs. Heare vs O Lorde, O God and father mercifull in these our petitions, for thy sonne Christ Iesus sake our Sauiour, in whose name we al together beg these mercies, saying:

Our

Our father which arte in heauen, halowed be thy name, thy kingdom come, thy will be done in earth as it is in heauē, giue vs this day our daily bread, and forgiue vs our trespasses as we forgiue them that trespasse against vs, and leade vs not into temptation, but deliuer vs from euill Amen.

Let thy mightie hand and outstretched arme be still our defence, thy mercie and louing kindnes in Jesus Christ our saluation, thy true and holie word our instruction, thy grace and holy spirite our comfort and consolation, vnto the end, and in the end.

The Lorde bless vs and saue vs, the Lorde make his face to shine vpon vs, and be mercifull vnto vs. The Lorde turne his fauourable countenance towarde vs, and sende vs euer his peace. Amen.

The

John Eashmord

The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, the loue of God the Father, the most comfortable felowshippe of the holie Ghost, be with vs all, blesse vs, and kepe vs this night and for euermore.

AMEN.

Edward Cornish

John Cornish

of your Lor

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Mauritio

Cornish

Rachel Wabs

Thomas this Book is of
Ralph Watts of Tydslington
October this - 26 October
& this 26 that this was writ
by me John Burrish

& p poopsha
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Thomas Clarke
his Book
Anno 1681

Simplicity 87. 92. 96.
Plain Speaking 88.
See God 91.
Increase 102.

1584

Dedicated to the [illegible]
Sir Philip Sidney's [illegible]
Lay away earthly cares. B. [illegible]
Poverty. B. 4. f. 12 [illegible] 19.
Mournful ms. f. 22 770

coll. perfect R. W.